

The Horticulture Award—Exposure Draft was first published on 15 January 2016. Subsequent amendments to the draft are as follows:

Publication date	Reason for amendments	Clauses affected
15 March 2019	Incorporates changes resulting from <a href="#">[2017] FWCFB 6037</a> , <a href="#">[2017] FWCFB 6947</a> , <a href="#">PR599008</a>	4, Schedule H
	Incorporates changes resulting from <a href="#">[2017] FWCFB 5788</a> , <a href="#">PR575710</a>	20.2, Schedule F
	Incorporate changes resulting from <a href="#">PR598110</a>	Schedule H
	Incorporates changes resulting from <a href="#">[2018] FWCFB 3936</a> , <a href="#">PR609345</a>	21 (deleted)
	Incorporates changes resulting from <a href="#">[2018] FWCFB 3500</a> , <a href="#">PR606352</a> , <a href="#">PR606510</a> , <a href="#">PR606630</a>	0, 17, Schedule B, Schedule C, Schedule D
	Incorporates changes resulting from <a href="#">[2018] FWCFB 4695</a> , <a href="#">PR700572</a> , <a href="#">PR701115</a>	11.4, 11.5
	Incorporates changes resulting from <a href="#">PR701683</a>	Schedule H
	Incorporates changes resulting from <a href="#">[2018] FWCFB 6863</a> , <a href="#">PR701424</a>	6
	Incorporates changes resulting from <a href="#">[2018] FWCFB 1405</a> and <a href="#">[2018] FWCFB 6368</a>	13.3, 20, Schedule B, Schedule H
	Incorporates changes resulting from <a href="#">[2018] FWCFB 4704</a> , <a href="#">PR610189</a>	5, 27, 28, 29, 30
	Incorporates changes resulting from <a href="#">[2018] FWCFB 1548</a>	7.2
	Administrative changes by Modern Awards team <a href="#">Exposure Draft</a>	10.4 (deleted), 16, Schedule H
29 January 2020	Incorporating changes resulting from <a href="#">[2015] FWCFB 4658</a> at [57]	17
	Incorporating changes resulting from <a href="#">[2019] FWCFB 1255</a> at [41]	A.1.2, A.2.2, A.3.2, A.4.2
	Incorporating changes resulting from <a href="#">[2019] FWCFB 1333</a> at [35]	1.5 (deleted)
	Incorporating changes resulting from <a href="#">[2019] FWCFB 2108</a> , <a href="#">[2019] FWCFB 4695</a> and <a href="#">PR706485</a> .	13, 20, 26
	Incorporating changes resulting from <a href="#">[2019] FWCFB 2548</a> , <a href="#">PR706970</a>	31
	Incorporating changes resulting from <a href="#">[2019] FWCFB 3500</a> , <a href="#">PR707438</a> , <a href="#">PR707636</a> , <a href="#">PR709080</a>	0, 20, Schedule D

Exposure Draft—Horticulture Award 20XX

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Publication date	Reason for amendments	Clauses affected
	Incorporating changes resulting from <a href="#">[2019] FWCFB 5144</a>	25
	Incorporating changes resulting from <a href="#">[2019] FWCFB 5145, PR712240</a> .	7, 26, Schedule H
	Incorporating changes resulting from <a href="#">[2019] FWCFB 5409</a>	0
	Administrative changes made by Modern Awards team to the document structure, Part and clause titles, and clause content in accordance with <a href="#">[2019] FWCFB 5409</a> at [6] and Attachment A	Part 1—, 1.4 (deleted), 2, 4, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 0, 16, 17, 18, Part 5—, 20, Part 6—, 21, Part 8—, 30, 31, Schedule A, Schedule C, Schedule D, Schedule E—National Training Wage (deleted), Schedule E, Schedule H
	Incorporating changes resulting from <a href="#">[2019] FWCFB 5868, PR711628</a>	16.3
	Incorporating changes resulting from <a href="#">[2019] FWCFB 6861</a>	11
	Incorporating changes resulting from <a href="#">[2019] FWCFB 7173</a> at [23].	Schedule B
	Incorporates changes resulting from <a href="#">[2019] FWCFB 8398</a>	2
	Incorporating changes resulting from <a href="#">[2019] FWCFB 8491, PR715133</a>	Schedule H
	Administrative changes made by Modern Awards team to incorporate previous A clauses into the numbering of the exposure draft	6, 16, 28
	Administrative change by modern awards team.	17

## EXPOSURE DRAFT

### Horticulture Award 20XX

This exposure draft has been prepared by staff of the Fair Work Commission based on the *Horticulture Award 2010* (the Horticulture award) as at 15 January 2016 and incorporates award updates up to 19 December 2019. This exposure draft does not seek to amend any entitlements under the Horticulture award. Instead it has been prepared to address some of the structural issues identified in modern awards and to apply plain language drafting principles and techniques.

The review of this award in accordance with section 156 of the *Fair Work Act 2009* is being dealt with in matter [AM2014/231](#). Additionally a number of common issues are being dealt with by the Commission which may affect this award. Some transitional provisions have been deleted as a result of decisions made during the review.

This draft does not represent the concluded view of the Commission in this matter.

#### Table of Contents

	Page
<b>Part 1— Application and Operation of this Award .....</b>	<b>5</b>
1. Title and commencement .....	5
2. Definitions.....	5
3. The National Employment Standards and this award .....	7
4. Coverage .....	7
5. Individual flexibility arrangements .....	8
6. Requests for flexible working arrangements .....	10
7. Facilitative provisions .....	11
<b>Part 2— Types of Employment and Classifications.....</b>	<b>12</b>
8. Types of employment.....	12
9. Full-time employees.....	12
10. Part-time employees.....	12
11. Casual employees.....	13
12. Classifications .....	15
<b>Part 3— Hours of Work .....</b>	<b>15</b>
13. Ordinary hours of work and rostering arrangements (day workers) .....	15
14. Breaks.....	17

<b>Part 4— Wages and Allowances .....</b>	<b>18</b>
15. Minimum rates .....	18
16. Payment of wages .....	21
17. Allowances .....	22
18. Accident pay .....	24
19. Superannuation.....	25
<b>Part 5— Overtime .....</b>	<b>27</b>
20. Overtime.....	27
<b>Part 6— Leave and Public Holidays.....</b>	<b>29</b>
21. Annual leave .....	29
22. Personal/carer’s leave and compassionate leave.....	33
23. Parental leave and related entitlements .....	33
24. Community service leave.....	34
25. Unpaid family and domestic violence leave .....	34
26. Public holidays.....	34
<b>Part 7— Consultation and Dispute Resolution.....</b>	<b>35</b>
27. Consultation about major workplace change .....	35
28. Consultation about changes to rosters or hours of work.....	36
29. Dispute resolution .....	37
<b>Part 8— Termination of Employment and Redundancy .....</b>	<b>37</b>
30. Termination of employment.....	37
31. Redundancy .....	38
<b>Schedule A —Classification Definitions.....</b>	<b>40</b>
<b>Schedule B —Summary of Hourly Rates of Pay .....</b>	<b>46</b>
<b>Schedule C —Summary of Monetary Allowances .....</b>	<b>53</b>
<b>Schedule D —Supported Wage System.....</b>	<b>55</b>
<b>Schedule E —Agreement for Time Off Instead of Payment for Overtime.....</b>	<b>58</b>
<b>Schedule F —Agreement to Take Annual Leave in Advance .....</b>	<b>59</b>
<b>Schedule G —Agreement to Cash Out Annual Leave .....</b>	<b>60</b>
<b>Schedule H —Part-day Public Holidays .....</b>	<b>61</b>

## Part 1—Application and Operation of this Award

### 1. Title and commencement

Clause 1.4 deleted as a result of re-structure [2019] FWCFB 5409 at [6]. Clause 1.5 deleted in accordance with [2019] FWCFB 1333 at [35].

- 1.1 This award is the *Horticulture Award 20XX*.
- 1.2 This modern award commenced operation on 1 January 2010. The terms of the award have been varied since that date.
- 1.3 A variation to this award does not affect any right, privilege, obligation or liability that a person acquired, accrued or incurred under the award as it existed prior to that variation.
- ~~1.4 Schedule G—Definitions sets out definitions that apply in this award.~~
- ~~1.5 Neither the making of this award nor the operation of any transitional arrangements is intended to result in a reduction in the take home pay of employees covered by the award. On application by or on behalf of an employee who suffers a reduction in take home pay as a result of the making of this award or the operation of any transitional arrangements, the Fair Work Commission may make any order it considers appropriate to remedy the situation.~~

### 2. Definitions

Clause 2 amended in accordance with [2019] FWCFB 8398 at [8]

In this award, unless the contrary intention appears:

**Act** means the *Fair Work Act 2009* (Cth).

**all purposes** means the payment will be included in the rate of pay of an employee who is entitled to the allowance, when calculating any penalties or loadings or payment while they are on annual leave (see clause 17.2(a)).

**defined benefit member** has the meaning given by the *Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992* (Cth).

**employee** means national system employee within the meaning of the [Act](#).

**employer** means national system employer within the meaning of the [Act](#).

**enterprise** means a business, activity, project or undertaking, and includes:

- An employer that is engaged with others in a joint venture or common enterprise; or

Exposure Draft—Horticulture Award 20~~20~~<sup>XX</sup>

- Employers that are related bodies corporate within the meaning of section 50 of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) or associated entities within the meaning of section 50AAA of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth).

**exempt public sector superannuation scheme** has the meaning given by the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993* (Cth).

**harvest period** means the period of time during which the employees of the particular employer are engaged principally in the harvesting, grading or packing of horticultural crops.

**horticultural crops** includes all vegetables, fruits, grains, seeds, hops, nuts, fungi, olives, flowers, or other specialised crops unless they are specifically named as a **broadacre field crop** in the *Pastoral Award 20~~20~~<sup>XX</sup>*

**horticultural enterprise** means an enterprise which as an important part of its enterprise engages in the raising of horticultural crops.

**horticulture industry** has the meaning given in clause 4.2.

**MySuper product** has the meaning given by the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993* (Cth).

**NES** means the National Employment Standards as contained in [sections 59 to 131](#) of the [Act](#).

**on-hire** means the on-hire of an employee by their employer to a client, where such employee works under the general guidance and instruction of the client or a representative of the client.

**ordinary hourly rate** means the hourly rate for the employee's classification specified in this award, plus any allowances specified as being included in the employee's ordinary hourly rate or payable for all purposes.

**plant nurseries** means the principal business of the employer is the preparation of growing media for the growing of plant material, propagation, preparation and presentation of plant material for sale.

**silviculture and afforestation** means the planting, pruning, fertilising and any other activities in or in connection with the establishment or cultivation of trees in forests.

**standard rate** means the minimum hourly rate for a Level 2 in clause 15. This rate is to be used for the purposes of calculating various allowances that require a designated standard rate.

**vineyard** means a place where wine grapes are grown exclusively or predominantly for processing into wine.

**wine industry** means the industry of growing and processing wine grapes and includes:

- (a) the preparation of land for the planting of wine grape vines, the planting of wine grape vines, the pruning of wine grape vines, the care, growing, treating,

**Exposure Draft—Horticulture Award 20XX**

picking, harvesting and forwarding of wine grapes and other activities associated with a wine grape vineyard; and/or

- (b) processing wine grapes, producing wine juice or grape spirit, the bottling, packaging, storage or dispatch of wine, brandy or other potable spirit, liqueurs, vinegar or grape juice and other activities associated with a winery or wine distillery including but not limited to cellar door sales, laboratory activities and making or repairing barrels, vats, casks and like articles; and/or
- (c) packaging, storing and dispatching of wine or grape spirit from a warehouse facility or other place of storage associated with a winery or wine distillery.

### **3. The National Employment Standards and this award**

- 3.1 The [National Employment Standards](#) (NES) and this award contain the minimum conditions of employment for employees covered by this award.
- 3.2 Where this award refers to a condition of employment provided for in the [NES](#), the [NES](#) definition applies.
- 3.3 The employer must ensure that copies of the award and the [NES](#) are available to all employees to whom they apply. This may be achieved by making them available electronically, on a noticeboard which is conveniently located at or near the workplace, or through some other reasonable accessible means.

### **4. Coverage**

- 4.1 This industry award covers employers throughout Australia in the horticulture industry and their employees in the classifications listed in Schedule A—Classification Definitions, to the exclusion of any other modern award.

#### **4.2 Horticulture industry means:**

- (a) the sowing, planting, raising, cultivation, harvesting, picking, washing, packing, storing, grading, forwarding or treating of horticultural crops in connection with a horticultural enterprise; or
- (b) clearing, fencing, trenching, draining or otherwise preparing or treating land or property in connection with the activities listed at 4.2(a).

#### **4.3 Horticulture industry does not mean:**

- (a) the wine industry;
- (b) silviculture and afforestation;
- (c) sugar farming or sugar cane growing, sugar milling, sugar refining, sugar distilleries and/or sugar terminals;
- (d) any work in or in connection with cotton growing or harvesting; cotton ginneries and associated depots; cotton oil mills and the extraction of oil from seed; or

Exposure Draft—Horticulture Award 20XX

- (e) plant nurseries.

4.4 This award does not cover:

- (a) employees excluded from award coverage by the [Act](#);
- (b) employees who are covered by a modern enterprise award or an enterprise instrument (within the meaning of the *Fair Work (Transitional Provisions and Consequential Amendments) Act 2009* (Cth)), or employers in relation to those employees; or
- (c) employees who are covered by a State reference public sector modern award or a State reference public sector transitional award (within the meaning of the *Fair Work (Transitional Provisions and Consequential Amendments) Act 2009* (Cth)), or employers in relation to those employees.

4.5 This award covers any employer which supplies labour on an on-hire basis in the horticulture industry in respect of on-hire employees in classifications covered by this award, and those on-hire employees, while engaged in the performance of work for a business in that industry. ~~This subclause Clause 4.5~~ operates subject to the exclusions from coverage in this award.

4.6 This award covers employers which provide group training services for trainees engaged in the horticulture industry and those trainees engaged by a group training service hosted by a company to perform work at a location where the activities described herein are being performed. ~~This subclause Clause 4.6~~ operates subject to the exclusions from coverage in this award.

4.7 Where an employer is covered by more than one award, an employee of that employer is covered by the award classification which is most appropriate to the work performed by the employee and to the environment in which the employee normally performs the work.

NOTE: Where there is no classification for a particular employee in this award it is possible that the employer and that employee are covered by an award with occupational coverage.

## 5. Individual flexibility arrangements

5.1 Despite anything else in this award, an employer and an individual employee may agree to vary the application of the terms of this award relating to any of the following in order to meet the genuine needs of both the employee and the employer:

- (a) arrangements for when work is performed; or
- (b) overtime rates; or
- (c) penalty rates; or
- (d) allowances; or
- (e) annual leave loading.



**Exposure Draft—Horticulture Award 20XX**

- 5.2** An agreement must be one that is genuinely made by the employer and the individual employee without coercion or duress.
- 5.3** An agreement may only be made after the individual employee has commenced employment with the employer.
- 5.4** An employer who wishes to initiate the making of an agreement must:
- (a) give the employee a written proposal; and
  - (b) if the employer is aware that the employee has, or reasonably should be aware that the employee may have, limited understanding of written English, take reasonable steps (including providing a translation in an appropriate language) to ensure that the employee understands the proposal.
- 5.5** An agreement must result in the employee being better off overall at the time the agreement is made than if the agreement had not been made.
- 5.6** An agreement must do all of the following:
- (a) state the names of the employer and the employee; and
  - (b) identify the award term, or award terms, the application of which is to be varied; and
  - (c) set out how the application of the award term, or each award term, is varied; and
  - (d) set out how the agreement results in the employee being better off overall at the time the agreement is made than if the agreement had not been made; and
  - (e) state the date the agreement is to start.
- 5.7** An agreement must be:
- (a) in writing; and
  - (b) signed by the employer and the employee and, if the employee is under 18 years of age, by the employee's parent or guardian.
- 5.8** Except as provided in clause 5.7(b), an agreement must not require the approval or consent of a person other than the employer and the employee.
- 5.9** The employer must keep the agreement as a time and wages record and give a copy to the employee.
- 5.10** The employer and the employee must genuinely agree, without duress or coercion to any variation of an award provided for by an agreement.
- 5.11** An agreement may be terminated:
- (a) at any time, by written agreement between the employer and the employee; or
  - (b) by the employer or employee giving 13 weeks' written notice to the other party (reduced to 4 weeks if the agreement was entered into before the first full pay period starting on or after 4 December 2013).

NOTE: If an employer and employee agree to an arrangement that purports to be an individual flexibility arrangement under this award term and the arrangement does not meet a requirement set out in section 144 then the employee or the employer may terminate the arrangement by giving written notice of not more than 28 days (see section 145 of the [Act](#)).

**5.12** An agreement terminated as mentioned in clause 5.11(b) ceases to have effect at the end of the period of notice required under that clause.

**5.13** The right to make an agreement under clause 5 is additional to, and does not affect, any other term of this award that provides for an agreement between an employer and an individual employee.

## **6. Requests for flexible working arrangements**

### **6.1 Employee may request change in working arrangements**

Clause 6 applies where an employee has made a request for a change in working arrangements under section 65 of the [Act](#).

NOTE 1: Section 65 of the [Act](#) provides for certain employees to request a change in their working arrangements because of their circumstances, as set out in section 65(1A). Clause 6 supplements or deals with matters incidental to the [NES](#) provisions.

NOTE 2: An employer may only refuse a section 65 request for a change in working arrangements on 'reasonable business grounds' (see section 65(5) and (5A)).

NOTE 3: Clause 6 is an addition to section 65.

### **6.2 Responding to the request**

Before responding to a request made under section 65, the employer must discuss the request with the employee and genuinely try to reach agreement on a change in working arrangements that will reasonably accommodate the employee's circumstances having regard to:

- (a) the needs of the employee arising from their circumstances;
- (b) the consequences for the employee if changes in working arrangements are not made; and
- (c) any reasonable business grounds for refusing the request.

NOTE 1: The employer must give the employee a written response to an employee's section 65 request within 21 days, stating whether the employer grants or refuses the request (section 65(4)).

NOTE 2: If the employer refuses the request, then the written response must include details of the reasons for the refusal (section 65(6)).

**6.3 What the written response must include if the employer refuses the request**

- (a) Clause 6.3 applies if the employer refuses the request and has not reached an agreement with the employee under clause 6.2.
- (b) The written response under section 65(4) must include details of the reasons for the refusal, including the business ground or grounds for the refusal and how the ground or grounds apply.
- (c) If the employer and employee could not agree on a change in working arrangements under clause 6.2, then the written response under section 65(4) must:
  - (i) state whether or not there are any changes in working arrangements that the employer can offer the employee so as to better accommodate the employee’s circumstances; and
  - (ii) if the employer can offer the employee such changes in working arrangements, set out those changes in working arrangements.

**6.4 What the written response must include if a different change in working arrangements is agreed**

If the employer and the employee reached an agreement under clause 6.2 on a change in working arrangements that differs from that initially requested by the employee, then the employer must provide the employee with a written response to their request setting out the agreed change(s) in working arrangements.

**6.5 Dispute resolution**

Disputes about whether the employer has discussed the request with the employee and responded to the request in the way required by clause 6, can be dealt with under clause 29—Dispute resolution.

**7. Facilitative provisions**

Clause 7 amended in accordance with [\[2019\] FWCFB 5145](#) at [50]. Consequential amendment as a result of [PR712240](#).

**7.1** A facilitative provision provides that the standard approach in an award provision may be departed from by agreement between an employer and an individual employee, or an employer and the majority of employees in the enterprise or part of the enterprise concerned.

**7.2** Facilitative provisions in this award are contained in the following clauses:

Clause	Provision	Agreement between an employer and:
13.1(a)(ii)	Ordinary hours of work—span of hours	The majority of employees
13.1(a)(iii)	Ordinary hours of work—number per day	The majority of employees
14.1	Meal breaks	An individual

Clause	Provision	Agreement between an employer and:
14.2(b)	Rest breaks	An individual
15.2(a)	Minimum wages — pieceworkers	An individual
20.2(a)	Time off instead of payment for overtime	An individual
20.3(c)	Payment of overtime — work on a Saturday	The majority of employees
21.3	Annual leave — conversion to hourly entitlement	The majority of employees
21.10	Annual leave — paid leave in advance	An individual
21.12	Cashing out of annual leave	An individual
26.2	Substitution of certain public holidays by agreement	An individual <del>or the majority of employees</del>

## Part 2—Types of Employment and Classifications

### 8. Types of employment

8.1 Employees under this award will be employed in one of the following categories:

- (a) full-time employment;
- (b) part-time employment; or
- (c) casual employment.

8.2 At the time of engagement an employer will inform each employee of the terms of their engagement and in particular whether they are to be full-time, part-time or casual.

### 9. Full-time employees

A full-time employee is an employee who is engaged to work an average of 38 ordinary hours per week.

### 10. Part-time employees

10.1 A part-time employee is an employee who:

- (a) is engaged to work an average of less than 38 ordinary hours per week; and
- (b) receives, on a pro rata basis, equivalent pay and conditions to those of full-time employees who do the same kind of work.

- 10.2** For each ordinary hour worked, a part-time employee will be paid no less than the ordinary hourly rate for the relevant classification in clause 0—

Claim to insert annualised wage arrangements is being considered in AM2016/13. See [2019] FWCFB 8583 at [1] and see draft determination.

**10.3** .

- 10.4** An employer must inform a part-time employee of their ordinary hours of work and starting and finishing times.

- 10.5** All time worked in excess of the hours mutually arranged will be overtime and paid for at the appropriate overtime rate in accordance with clause 20—Overtime.

## **11. Casual employees**

Overtime for casuals has been referred to the overtime for casuals Full Bench [AM2017/51](#).

Clause 11 amended in accordance with [\[2019\] FWCFB 6861](#).

- 11.1** A casual employee is an employee who is engaged and paid as a casual employee.
- 11.2** A casual employee's ordinary hours of work are the lesser of an average of 38 hours per week or the hours the employer requires the employee to work.
- 11.3 Casual loading**
- (a) For each hour worked, a casual employee must be paid:
- (i) the ordinary hourly rate; and
  - (ii) a loading of **25%** of the ~~ordinary~~ hourly rate, for the classification in which they are employed.
- (b) The casual loading is paid instead of annual leave, paid personal/carer's leave, notice of termination, redundancy benefits and other entitlements of full-time or part-time employment under this award.
- 11.4** A casual employee must be engaged and paid for at least 2 consecutive hours of work on each occasion they are required to attend work.
- 11.5 Right to request casual conversion**
- (a) A person engaged by a particular employer as a regular casual employee may request that their employment be converted to full-time or part-time employment.
- (b) A **regular casual employee** is a casual employee who has in the preceding period of 12 months worked a pattern of hours on an ongoing basis which, without significant adjustment, the employee could continue to perform as a full-time employee or part-time employee under the provisions of this award.

Exposure Draft—Horticulture Award 20XX

- (c) A regular casual employee who has worked equivalent full-time hours over the preceding period of 12 months' casual employment may request to have their employment converted to full-time employment.
- (d) A regular casual employee who has worked less than equivalent full-time hours over the preceding period of 12 months' casual employment may request to have their employment converted to part-time employment consistent with the pattern of hours previously worked.
- (e) Any request under ~~this subclause~~ clause 11.5 must be in writing and provided to the employer.
- (f) Where a regular casual employee seeks to convert to full-time or part-time employment, the employer may agree to or refuse the request, but the request may only be refused on reasonable grounds and after there has been consultation with the employee.
- (g) Reasonable grounds for refusal include that:
  - (i) it would require a significant adjustment to the casual employee's hours of work in order for the employee to be engaged as a full-time or part-time employee in accordance with the provisions of this award – that is, the casual employee is not truly a regular casual employee as defined in ~~paragraph (b)~~ clause 11.5(b);
  - (ii) it is known or reasonably foreseeable that the regular casual employee's position will cease to exist within the next 12 months;
  - (iii) it is known or reasonably foreseeable that the hours of work which the regular casual employee is required to perform will be significantly reduced in the next 12 months; or
  - (iv) it is known or reasonably foreseeable that there will be a significant change in the days and/or times at which the employee's hours of work are required to be performed in the next 12 months which cannot be accommodated within the days and/or hours during which the employee is available to work.
- (h) For any ground of refusal to be reasonable, it must be based on facts which are known or reasonably foreseeable.
- (i) Where the employer refuses a regular casual employee's request to convert, the employer must provide the casual employee with the employer's reasons for refusal in writing within 21 days of the request being made.
- (j) If the employee does not accept the employer's refusal, this will constitute a dispute that will be dealt with under the dispute resolution procedure in clause 29—Dispute resolution. Under that procedure, the employee or the employer may refer the matter to the Fair Work Commission if the dispute cannot be resolved at the workplace level.

Exposure Draft—Horticulture Award 20XX

- (k) Where it is agreed that a casual employee will have their employment converted to full-time or part-time employment as provided for in ~~this~~ clause 11.5, the employer and employee must discuss and record in writing:
  - (i) the form of employment to which the employee will convert – that is, full-time or part-time employment; and
  - (ii) if it is agreed that the employee will become a part-time employee, the matters referred to in clause 10.4.
- (l) The conversion will take effect from the start of the next pay cycle following such agreement being reached unless otherwise agreed.
- (m) Once a casual employee has converted to full-time or part-time employment, the employee may only revert to casual employment with the written agreement of the employer.
- (n) A casual employee must not be engaged and re-engaged (which includes a refusal to re-engage), or have their hours reduced or varied, in order to avoid any right or obligation under ~~this~~ clause 11.5.
- (o) Nothing in ~~this~~ clause 11.5 obliges a regular casual employee to convert to full-time or part-time employment, nor permits an employer to require a regular casual employee to so convert.
- (p) Nothing in ~~this~~ clause 11.5 requires an employer to increase the hours of a regular casual employee seeking conversion to full-time or part-time employment.
- (q) An employer must provide a casual employee, whether a regular casual employee or not, with a copy of the provisions of ~~this subclause~~ clause 11.5 within the first 12 months of the employee's first engagement to perform work. In respect of casual employees already employed as at 1 October 2018, an employer must provide such employees with a copy of the provisions of ~~this subclause~~ clause 11.5 by 1 January 2019.
- (r) A casual employee's right to request to convert is not affected if the employer fails to comply with the notice requirements in ~~paragraph~~ clause 11.5(q).

## 12. Classifications

Employees will be classified in accordance with the classification descriptions contained in Schedule A—Classification Definitions.

## Part 3—Hours of Work

### 13. Ordinary hours of work and rostering arrangements (day workers)

Clause 13 amended in accordance with [\[2019\] FWCFB 2108](#) and [\[2019\] FWCFB 4695](#) and [PR706485](#).

### 13.1 Ordinary hours and roster cycles

- (a) The ordinary hours of work for all full-time and part-time employees other than shiftworkers will not exceed 152 hours over a ~~four~~4 week period provided that:
- (i) The ordinary hours will be worked:
- between Monday and Friday inclusive; or
  - between Monday and Saturday inclusive by arrangement between the employer and the majority of employees in the section/s concerned.
- (ii) The ordinary hours will be worked between 6.00 am and 6.00 pm except if varied by arrangement between the employer and the majority of the employees in the section/s concerned.
- (iii) The ordinary hours will not exceed ~~eight~~8 hours per day except by arrangement between the employer and the majority of employees in the section/s concerned in which case ordinary hours should not exceed 12 hours on any day.
- (iv) All time worked by full-time and part-time employees in excess of the ordinary hours or outside of the ordinary hours will be deemed overtime.

### 13.2 The ordinary hours of work for casual employees other than shiftworkers will not exceed 304 ordinary hours over an eight week period provided that:

- (a) Ordinary hours of work for casual employees can be worked at any time.
- (b) Each ordinary hour of work worked by a casual employee on any day of the week (excluding public holidays) between 5.00 am and 8.30 pm will be paid at the employee's minimum hourly wage for his or her classification plus a casual loading of 25%.
- (c) In a State or Territory that does not observe daylight saving time, by agreement between the employer and a majority of affected casual employees, the 5.00 am to 8.30 pm daily spread of hours can be moved forward one hour (4.00 am to 7.30 pm) for the period of daylight saving time in other States and Territories.
- (d) Each ordinary hour worked by a casual employee on any day of the week (excluding public holidays) between 8.31 pm and 4.59 am (or 7.31 pm and 3.59 am in accordance with clause 13.2(c)) will attract a loading of 15% of the employee's minimum hourly wage for his or her classification (in addition to the casual loading of 25%).
- (e) The maximum number of ordinary hours which a casual employee may work per engagement, or on any day, is 12 ordinary hours.
- (f) All time worked in excess of 12 hours per engagement, 12 hours in a single day or 304 ordinary hours over an eight week period will be deemed overtime.

### 13.213.3The ordinary hours of work for a shiftworker will not exceed 152 hours over a ~~four~~4 week period provided that:

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Exposure Draft—Horticulture Award 20XX

- (a) The ordinary hours will be worked between Monday and Friday inclusive.
- (b) For the purposes of this award:
  - (i) **afternoon shift** means any shift finishing after 6.00 pm and at or before midnight; and
  - (ii) **night shift** means any shift finishing after midnight and at or before 8.00 am.
- (c) If an employee is directed to work on shifts the shift must not exceed ~~eight~~ 8 hours without the payment of overtime.
- (d) Shiftworkers whilst on afternoon and night shifts will be paid **115%** of the ordinary hourly rate.
- (e) Where shiftwork is adopted, shifts will, as far as practicable, rotate regularly so that:
  - (i) where ~~two~~ 2 shifts are worked, one will be regarded as day shift and the second as the afternoon or night shift; or
  - (ii) where ~~three~~ 3 shifts are worked they will be divided into day, afternoon and night shifts.
- (f) The employer has the right to decide before the commencement of such shiftwork which of the shifts will be the day shift and will notify each employee accordingly.
- (g) The employer will keep a roster at the workplace that specifies the times which each shift will commence and finish and which shifts are deemed to be day shift.
- (h) All time worked in excess of the ordinary hours will be deemed overtime paid in accordance with clause 20—Overtime.

## 14. Breaks

### 14.1 Meal break

- (a) A meal break of not less than 30 minutes and not more than one hour will be allowed each day, to be taken not later than ~~five~~ 5 hours after commencing ordinary hours of work. Provided that where there is agreement between the employer and an individual employee, the meal break may be taken at a time agreed.
- (b) All work performed on the instruction of the employer during a recognised meal break will be paid for at **200%** of the appropriate ordinary hourly rate. Such payment will continue until the employee is released for a meal break of not less than 30 minutes.

### 14.2 Rest break

- (a) Employees will be allowed a paid rest break of 10 minutes each day or shift.

- (b) Where agreement is reached between the employer and employee for an additional rest break, such rest break will be unpaid and in addition to the employee’s ordinary hours of work.

**14.3 ~~Ten~~ 10 hour break after ceasing work for the day**

- (a) An employee is entitled to a break of 10 hours between finishing work on one day and commencing work on the next day or shift.
- (b) Overtime rates will be paid in accordance with clause 20—Overtime for work required to be performed where an employee has not had the 10 hour break until such time as the employee is released and able to take the 10 hour break.

**Part 4—Wages and Allowances**

Claim to insert annualised wage arrangements is being considered in [AM2016/13](#). See [\[2019\] FWCFB 8583](#) at [1] and see [draft determination](#).

**15. Minimum Rates**

Monetary amounts adjusted as a result of AWR 2019 – changes not tracked.

**15.1 Adult employee minimum rates**

Hourly rate for part-time employees was referred to Plain Language Full Bench. Parties are invited to comment on the proposed solution incorporated into clause 15.1(a) as a footnote to the table.

If no party opposes the proposed solution the matter will solution will accepted and incorporated and will not be referred to the Plain Language Full Bench (see [\[2018\] FWCFB 1405](#) at [112]).

- (a) The classifications and minimum ~~rates wages~~ for an adult employee are set out in the following table:

Classification	Minimum weekly <del>rate</del> wage (full-time employee)	Minimum hourly rate <sup>1</sup>
	\$	\$
Level 1	740.80	19.49
Level 2	762.10	20.06
Level 3	784.00	20.63
Level 4	813.70	21.41
Level 5	862.50	22.70

<sup>1</sup> Consistent with the definition for **ordinary hourly rate** in [clause 2](#)—Definitions ~~Schedule G~~ all-purpose allowances need to be added to the rates in the table where they are applicable.

NOTE: See Schedule B—Summary of Hourly Rates of Pay for a summary of hourly rates of pay including overtime and penalty rates.

See Schedule B—Summary of Hourly Rates of Pay for a summary of hourly rates of pay including overtime and penalties.

- (b) For the purposes of clause 15.1(a), any entitlement to a minimum ~~wage-rate~~ expressed to be by the week means any entitlement which an employee would receive for performing 38 hours of work.

## 15.2 Pieceworker rates

- (a) An employer and a full-time, part-time or casual employee may enter into an agreement for the employee to be paid a piecework rate. An employee on a piecework rate is a **pieceworker**.
- (b) The piecework rate fixed by agreement between the employer and the employee must enable the average competent employee to earn at least **15%** more per hour than the minimum hourly rate prescribed in this award for the type of employment and the classification level of the employee. The piecework rate agreed is to be paid for all work performed in accordance with the piecework agreement.
- (c) The calculation of piecework rates in clause 15.2(b) for casual employees will include the casual loading prescribed in clause 11.3(a).
- (d) An agreed piecework rate is paid instead of the minimum ~~wages-rates~~ specified in clause 15.
- (e) The following clauses of this award do not apply to an employee on a piecework rate:
  - (i) Clause 13—Ordinary hours of work and rostering;
  - (ii) Clause 20—Overtime; and
  - (iii) Clause 17.3(c)—Meal allowances
- (f) The employer and the individual employee must have genuinely made the piecework agreement without coercion or duress.
- (g) The piecework agreement between the employer and the individual employee must be in writing and signed by the employer and the employee.
- (h) The employer must give the individual employee a copy of the piecework agreement and keep it as a time and wages record.
- (i) Nothing in this award guarantees an employee on a piecework rate will earn at least the minimum ordinary time weekly ~~ratewage~~ or hourly rate in this award for the type of employment and the classification level of the employee, as the employee's earnings are contingent on their productivity.
- (j) For the purposes of the [NES](#):

Exposure Draft—Horticulture Award 20XX

- (i) The base rate of pay for a pieceworker is the base rate of pay as defined in the [NES](#).
- (ii) The full rate of pay for a pieceworker is the full rate of pay as defined in the [NES](#).

**15.3 Junior rates**

- (a) The minimum ~~wage-rate~~ payable to a junior employee will be the percentage of the adult rate prescribed for the classification upon which the employee is employed as set out in the following table:

Age	Percentage of appropriate adult rate %
Under 16 years of age	50
16 years of age	60
17 years of age	70
18 years of age	80
19 years of age	90
20 years of age	100

- (b) The ~~wage-rate~~ payable to a junior will, in the case of a weekly employee, be calculated to the nearest **\$0.10**, and in the case of an hourly employee, be calculated to the nearest cent.

**15.4 Higher duties**

- (a) An employee engaged for more than ~~two-2~~ hours during one day or shift on duties carrying a higher minimum ~~ratewage~~ than their ordinary classification must be paid the higher minimum ~~ratewage~~ for such day or shift.
- (b) If an employee is engaged for ~~two-2~~ hours or less during one day or shift on duties carrying a higher minimum ~~ratewage~~ than their ordinary classification, they must be paid the higher minimum ~~ratewage~~ for the time worked at the higher level.

**15.5 Supported wage system**

For employees who because of the effects of a disability are eligible for a supported wage, see Schedule D—Supported Wage System.

**15.6 National training wage**

- (a) Schedule E to the [Miscellaneous Award 20XX40](#) sets out minimum wage rates and conditions for employees undertaking traineeships.
- (b) This award incorporates the terms of Schedule E to the [Miscellaneous Award 20XX40](#) as at 1 July ~~2019~~2017. Provided that any reference to “this award” in Schedule E to the [Miscellaneous Award 20XX40](#) is to be read as

referring to the *Horticulture Award 20XX+0* and not the *Miscellaneous Award 20XX+0*.

## 16. Payment of wages

Frequency of payment of wages is being considered in matter [AM2016/8](#).

Clause 16.3 amended in accordance with [\[2019\] FWCFB 5868](#) and [PR711628](#).

NOTE: Regulations 3.33(3) and 3.46(1)(g) of *Fair Work Regulations 2009* set out the requirements for pay records and the content of payslips including the requirement to separately identify any allowance paid.

### 16.1 Period of payment

Wages must be paid weekly or fortnightly according to the actual hours worked each week or fortnight, or according to the applicable piecework payment.

### 16.2 Method of payment

Wages must be paid by cash, cheque or electronic funds transfer into the employee's bank or other recognised financial institution account.

### 16.3 ~~Payment of wages on termination of employment~~

~~On termination of employment, wages due to an employee must be paid on the day of termination or forwarded to the employee by post on the next working day.~~

~~(a) If the employment of an employee terminates, the employer must pay an employee the following amounts in accordance with clause 16.3:~~

~~(i) the employee's wages under this award for any complete or incomplete pay period up to the end of the day of the termination; and~~

~~(ii) all other amounts that are due to the employee under this award and the NES.~~

~~(b) The amounts described at clause 16.3(a)(i) must be paid to the employee:~~

~~(i) By cash or cheque on the day of termination or forwarded to the employee by post on the next working day; or~~

~~(ii) By electronic funds transfer no later than 7 days after the day on which the employee's employment terminates.~~

~~(c) The amounts described at clause 16.3(a)(ii) must be paid to the employee:~~

~~(i) By cash or cheque on the day of termination or forwarded to the employee by post as soon as reasonably practicable and by no later than 7 days after the day on which the employee's employment terminates; or~~

~~(ii) By electronic funds transfer by no later than 7 days after the day on which the employee's employment terminates.~~

(d) The requirement to pay wages and other amounts under clause 16.3 is subject to further order of the Commission and the employer making deductions authorised by this award or the Act.

NOTE 1: Section 117(2) of the Act provides that an employer must not terminate an employee’s employment unless the employer has given the employee the required minimum period of notice or “has paid” to the employee payment instead of giving notice.

NOTE 2: Clause 16.3(d) allows the Commission to make an order delaying the requirement to make a payment under clause 16. For example, the Commission could make an order delaying the requirement to pay redundancy pay if an employer makes an application under section 120 of the Act for the Commission to reduce the amount of redundancy pay an employee is entitled to under the NES.

NOTE 3: State and Territory long service leave laws or long service leave entitlements under section 113 of the Act, may require an employer to pay an employee for accrued long service leave on the day on which the employee’s employment terminates or shortly after.

## 17. Allowances

Monetary amounts adjusted as a result of AWR 2019 – changes not tracked.

Note inserted in accordance with [2015] FWCEB 4658 at [57].

Administrative change made by Modern Awards team to clause 17

NOTE: Regulations 3.33(3) and 3.46(1)(g) of Fair Work Regulations 2009 set out the requirements for pay records and the content of payslips including the requirement to separately identify any allowance paid.

**17.1** Employers must pay to an employee the allowances the employee is entitled to under ~~this~~ clause 17.

NOTE: See Schedule C—Summary of Monetary Allowances for a summary of monetary allowances and method of adjustment.

### 17.2 Wage-related allowances

#### (a) All-purpose allowances

Allowances paid for **all purposes** are included in the rate of pay of an employee who is entitled to the allowance, when calculating any penalties or loadings or payment while they are on annual leave. The following allowances are paid for all purposes under this award:

- (i) leading hand allowance (clause 17.2(b));
- (ii) wet work allowance (clause 17.2(c)); and
- (iii) first aid allowance (clause 17.2(d)).

**(b) Leading hand allowance**

A leading hand will be paid a leading hand allowance based upon the following:

<b>In charge of:</b>	<b>\$ per week</b>
2 to 6 employees	23.07
7 to 10 employees	26.88
11 to 20 employees	38.31
More than 20 employees	48.14

**(c) Wet work allowance**

- (i) An employee who, on any one day, is required to work in a wet place must be paid **\$2.01** for each hour that they are required to work in the wet place, unless provided with adequate protection.
- (ii) A **wet place** will mean a place where the clothing of the employee becomes saturated or a place where the employee has to stand in water or slush so that the employee's feet become wet.

**(d) First aid allowance**

An employee who has undertaken a first aid course and who is the holder of a current recognised first aid qualification such as a certificate from the St John Ambulance or similar body must be paid an allowance of **\$10.23** per week if they are appointed by the employer to perform first aid duty.

**17.3 Expense-related allowances**

**(a) Travelling allowance**

- (i) Where an employee is required to travel from one place to another, the time occupied in travelling will be counted as time worked and paid for as such.
- (ii) Where an employee is compelled by their duties to spend the night away from home or the property at which the employee is employed (whichever is the employee's normal place of sleeping during employment) the employer will reimburse the employee for the demonstrable cost of suitable accommodation, unless the employer provides the employee with suitable accommodation free of charge.

**(b) Tool and equipment allowance**

- (i) The employer must reimburse the employee for the cost of supplying tools and equipment if the employer requires the employee to supply their own tools and equipment.
- (ii) The provisions of ~~this~~ clause 17.3(b) do not apply where the tools and equipment are paid for by the employer.

(c) **Meal allowances**

- (i) An employee will be entitled to a payment of **\$12.82** or will be provided a suitable meal without cost if the employee:
- is required to work overtime for more than ~~two~~2 hours after the employee's ordinary finishing time; and
  - was not notified before leaving work on the previous day that the employee will be required to work overtime.
- (ii) If the work extends into a second or subsequent meal break, this meal allowance will again apply.

~~See Schedule C—Summary of Monetary Allowances for a summary of monetary allowances.~~

**18. Accident pay**

**18.1 Definitions**

For the purposes of ~~this~~ clause 18, the following definitions will apply:

- (a) **Accident pay** means a weekly payment made to an employee by the employer that is the difference between the weekly amount of compensation paid to an employee pursuant to the applicable workers' compensation legislation and the weekly amount that would have been received had the employee been on paid personal leave at the date of the injury (not including over award payments) provided the latter amount is greater than the former amount.
- (b) **Injury** will be given the same meaning and application as applying under the applicable workers' compensation legislation covering the employer.

**18.2 Entitlement to accident pay**

The employer must pay accident pay where an employee suffers an injury and weekly payments of compensation are paid to the employee under the applicable workers' compensation legislation for a maximum period of 26 weeks.

**18.3 Calculation of the period**

- (a) The 26 week period commences from the date of injury. In the event of more than one absence arising from one injury, such absences are to be cumulative in the assessment of the 26 week period.
- (b) The termination by the employer of the employee's employment within the 26 week period will not affect the employee's entitlement to accident pay.
- (c) For a period of less than one week, accident pay (as defined) will be calculated on a pro rata basis.

**18.4 When not entitled to payment**

An employee will not be entitled to any payment under ~~this~~ clause 18 in respect of any period of paid annual leave or long service leave, or for any paid public holiday.



**18.5 Return to work**

If an employee entitled to accident pay under ~~this~~ clause 18 returns to work on reduced hours or modified duties, the amount of accident pay due will be reduced by any amounts paid for the performance of such work.

**18.6 Redemptions**

In the event that an employee receives a lump sum payment in lieu of weekly payments under the applicable workers' compensation legislation, the liability of the employer to pay accident pay will cease from the date the employee receives that payment.

**18.7 Damages independent of the Acts**

Where the employee recovers damages from the employer or from a third party in respect of the said injury independently of the applicable workers' compensation legislation, such employee will be liable to repay to the employer the amount of accident pay which the employer has paid under ~~this~~ clause 18 and the employee will not be entitled to any further accident pay thereafter.

**18.8 Casual employees**

For a casual employee, the weekly payment referred to in clause 18.1(a) will be calculated using the employee's average weekly ordinary hours with the employer over the previous 12 months or, if the employee has been employed for less than 12 months by the employer, the employee's average weekly ordinary hours over the period of employment with the employer. The weekly payment will include casual loading but will not include over-award payments.

**19. Superannuation**

**19.1 Superannuation legislation**

(a) Superannuation legislation, including the *Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992* (Cth), the *Superannuation Guarantee Charge Act 1992* (Cth), the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993* (Cth) and the *Superannuation (Resolution of Complaints) Act 1993* (Cth), deals with the superannuation rights and obligations of employers and employees. Under superannuation legislation individual employees generally have the opportunity to choose their own superannuation fund. If an employee does not choose a superannuation fund, any superannuation fund nominated in the award covering the employee applies.

(b) The rights and obligations in these clauses supplement those in superannuation legislation.

**19.2 Employer contributions**

An employer must make such superannuation contributions to a superannuation fund for the benefit of an employee as will avoid the employer being required to pay the superannuation guarantee charge under superannuation legislation with respect to that employee.

**19.3 Voluntary employee contributions**

- (a) Subject to the governing rules of the relevant superannuation fund, an employee may, in writing, authorise their employer to pay on behalf of the employee a specified amount from the post-taxation wages of the employee into the same superannuation fund as the employer makes the superannuation contributions provided for in clause 19.2.
- (b) An employee may adjust the amount the employee has authorised their employer to pay from the wages of the employee from the first of the month following the giving of three months' written notice to their employer.
- (c) The employer must pay the amount authorised under clauses 19.3(a) or (b) no later than 28 days after the end of the month in which the deduction authorised under clauses 19.3(a) or (b) was made.

**19.4 Superannuation fund**

Unless, to comply with superannuation legislation, the employer is required to make the superannuation contributions provided for in clause 19.2 to another superannuation fund that is chosen by the employee, the employer must make the superannuation contributions provided for in clause 19.2 and pay the amount authorised under clauses 19.3(a) or (b) to one of the following superannuation funds or its successor:

- (a) AustSafe Super;
- (b) Prime Super;
- (c) Tasplan;
- (d) Sunsuper;
- (e) CareSuper;

- (f) any superannuation fund to which the employer was making superannuation contributions for the benefit of its employees before 12 September 2008, provided the superannuation fund is an eligible choice fund and is a fund that offers a MySuper product or is an exempt public sector superannuation scheme; or
- (g) a superannuation fund or scheme which the employee is a defined benefit member of.

## Part 5—Overtime

### 20. Overtime

#### 20.1 Definition

Overtime for casuals has been referred to the overtime for casuals Full Bench [AM2017/51](#)

Clause 20 amended in accordance with [\[2019\] FWCFB 2108](#) and [\[2019\] FWCFB 4695](#) and [PR706485](#).

All time worked by employees in excess of their ordinary hours will be deemed overtime.

#### 20.2 Time off instead of payment for overtime

- (a) An employee and employer may agree in writing to the employee taking time off instead of being paid for all overtime that is worked by the employee under this agreement.
- (b) An agreement made under clause 20.2 will remain in place unless the agreement is terminated. The agreement can be terminated by the employer or employee at any time by notice in writing.
- (c) An agreement made under clause 20.2 must be in writing and must state each of the following:
  - (i) that the employer and employee agree that the employee may take time off instead of being paid for the overtime;
  - (ii) that the agreement can be terminated at any time by notice in writing;
  - (iii) that overtime worked after the agreement is terminated will be paid at the overtime rate applicable to the overtime when worked;
  - (iv) that time off instead of overtime must be taken within 6 months of it being worked, at a time or times agreed by the employee and employer;
  - (v) that, if time off is not taken as mentioned in ~~subparagraph clause~~ 20.2(c)(iv), the employer must pay the employee for the overtime, in the next pay period following those 6 months, at the overtime rate applicable to the overtime when worked.

Exposure Draft—Horticulture Award 20XX

NOTE: An example of the type of agreement required by ~~this~~ clause 20.2 is set out at ~~Schedule J~~Schedule E—Agreement for Time Off Instead of Payment for Overtime. There is no requirement to use the form of agreement set out at ~~Schedule J~~Schedule E—Agreement for Time Off Instead of Payment for Overtime. An agreement under clause 20.2 can also be made by an exchange of emails between the employee and employer, or by other electronic means.

- (d) The period of time off that an employee is entitled to take is the same as the number of overtime hours worked.

EXAMPLE: By making an agreement under clause 20.2 an employee who worked 2 overtime hours is entitled to 2 hours' time off.

- (e) Time off must be taken:
- (i) within the period of 6 months after the overtime is worked; and
  - (ii) at a time or times within that period of 6 months agreed by the employee and employer.
- (f) If time off for overtime that has been worked is not taken within the period of 6 months mentioned in ~~paragraph clause~~ 20.2(e), the employer must pay the employee for the overtime, in the next pay period following those 6 months, at the overtime rate applicable to the overtime when worked unless the employer agrees to pay out the accrued overtime earlier.
- (g) The employer must keep a copy of any agreement under clause 20.2 as an employee record.
- (h) The employer must keep a record of the number of overtime hours worked by the employee, when those hours were worked and an updated record of the employee's time off instead of payment for overtime balance.
- (i) An employer must not exert undue influence or undue pressure on an employee in relation to a decision by the employee to make, or not make, an agreement to take time off instead of payment for overtime.
- (j) An employee may, under section 65 of the [Act](#), request to take time off, at a time or times specified in the request or to be subsequently agreed by the employer and the employee, instead of being paid for overtime worked by the employee. If the employer agrees to the request then clause 20.2 will apply, including the requirement for a written agreement under ~~paragraph clause~~ 20.2(c) for overtime that has been worked.

NOTE: If an employee makes a request under section 65 of the [Act](#) for a change in working arrangements, the employer may only refuse that request on reasonable business grounds (see section 65(5) of the [Act](#)).

- (k) If, on the termination of the employee's employment, time off for overtime worked by the employee to which clause 20.2 applies has not been taken, the employer must pay the employee for the overtime at the overtime rate applicable to the overtime when worked.

Exposure Draft—Horticulture Award 20XX

NOTE: Under section 345(1) of the [Act](#), a person must not knowingly or recklessly make a false or misleading representation about the workplace rights of another person under clause 20.2.

**20.3 Payment of overtime—~~other than casual employees~~**

- (a) The rate of pay for overtime on Monday to Saturday will be **150%** of the ordinary hourly rate.
- (b) The rate of pay for overtime worked on a Sunday, except during harvest period, will be **200%** of the ordinary hourly rate.
- (c) Should employees be required to work on a Saturday and the majority of such employees elect not to work on the Saturday but rather on the Sunday then such work performed on that Sunday will be paid for at the rate prescribed for Saturday work.
- (d) During harvest period, the first ~~eight~~ **8** hours of overtime in a week may include ~~five~~ **5** hours work on a Sunday at the rate of **150%** of the ordinary hourly rate but all Sunday work in excess of the ~~eighth~~ **8th** overtime hour worked in the week, or in excess of ~~five~~ **5** hours on a Sunday, will be paid at the rate of **200%** of the ordinary hourly rate.
- (e) All employees required to work on a Sunday will be paid for a minimum of ~~three~~ **3** hours.

**20.4 Payment for overtime—casual employees**

~~Each hour worked in excess of 12 hours per engagement, 12 hour in a single day or 304 ordinary hours over an eight week period will be paid at a rate of 175% of the employee's minimum hourly wage for his or her classification (inclusive of the casual loading).~~

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**Part 6—Leave and Public Holidays**

**21. Annual leave**

21.1 Annual leave is provided for in the [NES](#). Annual leave does not apply to a casual employee.

21.2 ~~This e~~Clause 21 contains additional and supplementary provisions.

**21.3 Conversion to hourly entitlement**

An employer may reach agreement with the majority of employees concerned to convert the annual leave entitlement in section 87 of the [Act](#) to an hourly entitlement for administrative ease (e.g. 152 hours for a full-time employee entitled to ~~four~~ **4** weeks' annual leave).

**21.4 Payment for period of annual leave**

Instead of the base rate of pay as referred to in section 90(1) of the [Act](#), an employee under this award, before going on annual leave, must be paid the wages they would have received in respect of the ordinary hours the employee would have worked had the employee not been on leave during the relevant period.

NOTE: Where an employee is receiving over-award payments such that the employee's base rate of pay is higher than the rate specified under this award, the employee is entitled to receive the higher rate while on a period of paid annual leave (see sections 16 and 90 of the [Act](#)).

**21.5 Electronic funds transfer (EFT) payment of annual leave**

Despite anything else in ~~this~~ clause 21, an employee paid by electronic funds transfer (EFT) may be paid in accordance with their usual pay cycle while on paid annual leave.

**21.6 Annual leave loading**

During a period of annual leave an employee must also be paid an annual leave loading equal to **17.5%** of the wages prescribed in clause 21.4.

**21.7 Excessive leave accruals: general provision**

NOTE: Clauses 21.7 to 21.9 contain provisions, additional to the [NES](#), about the taking of paid annual leave as a way of dealing with the accrual of excessive paid annual leave. See Part 2.2, Division 6 of the [Act](#).

- (a) An employee has an **excessive leave accrual** if the employee has accrued more than 8 weeks' paid annual leave.
- (b) If an employee has an excessive leave accrual, the employer or the employee may seek to confer with the other and genuinely try to reach agreement on how to reduce or eliminate the excessive leave accrual.
- (c) Clause 21.8 sets out how an employer may direct an employee who has an excessive leave accrual to take paid annual leave.
- (d) Clause 21.9 sets out how an employee who has an excessive leave accrual may require an employer to grant paid annual leave requested by the employee.

**21.8 Excessive leave accruals: direction by employer that leave be taken**

- (a) If an employer has genuinely tried to reach agreement with an employee under clause 21.7(a) but agreement is not reached (including because the employee refuses to confer), the employer may direct the employee in writing to take one or more periods of paid annual leave.
- (b) However, a direction by the employer under ~~paragraph clause~~ 21.8(a):
  - (i) is of no effect if it would result at any time in the employee's remaining accrued entitlement to paid annual leave being less than 6 weeks when any other paid annual leave arrangements (whether made under clause

Exposure Draft—Horticulture Award 20XX

21.7, 21.8 or 21.9 or otherwise agreed by the employer and employee) are taken into account; and

- (ii) must not require the employee to take any period of paid annual leave of less than one week; and
  - (iii) must not require the employee to take a period of paid annual leave beginning less than 8 weeks, or more than 12 months, after the direction is given; and
  - (iv) must not be inconsistent with any leave arrangement agreed by the employer and employee.
- (c) The employee must take paid annual leave in accordance with a direction under ~~paragraph clause~~ 21.8(a) that is in effect.
- (d) An employee to whom a direction has been given under ~~paragraph clause~~ 21.8(a) may request to take a period of paid annual leave as if the direction had not been given.

NOTE 1: Paid annual leave arising from a request mentioned in ~~paragraph clause~~ 21.8(d) may result in the direction ceasing to have effect. See clause 21.8(b)(i).

NOTE 2: Under section 88(2) of the [Act](#), the employer must not unreasonably refuse to agree to a request by the employee to take paid annual leave.

**21.9 Excessive leave accruals: request by employee for leave**

- (a) If an employee has genuinely tried to reach agreement with an employer under clause 21.7(a) but agreement is not reached (including because the employer refuses to confer), the employee may give a written notice to the employer requesting to take one or more periods of paid annual leave.
- (b) However, an employee may only give a notice to the employer under ~~paragraph clause~~ 21.9(a) if:
- (i) the employee has had an excessive leave accrual for more than 6 months at the time of giving the notice; and
  - (ii) the employee has not been given a direction under clause 21.8(a) that, when any other paid annual leave arrangements (whether made under clause 21.7, 21.8 or 21.9 or otherwise agreed by the employer and employee) are taken into account, would eliminate the employee's excessive leave accrual.
- (c) A notice given by an employee under ~~paragraph clause~~ 21.9(a) must not:
- (i) if granted, result in the employee's remaining accrued entitlement to paid annual leave being at any time less than 6 weeks when any other paid annual leave arrangements (whether made under clause 21.7, 21.8 or 21.9 or otherwise agreed by the employer and employee) are taken into account; or

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- (ii) provide for the employee to take any period of paid annual leave of less than one week; or
  - (iii) provide for the employee to take a period of paid annual leave beginning less than 8 weeks, or more than 12 months, after the notice is given; or
  - (iv) be inconsistent with any leave arrangement agreed by the employer and employee.
- (d) An employee is not entitled to request by a notice under ~~paragraph clause~~ 21.9(a) more than 4 weeks' paid annual leave in any period of 12 months.
  - (e) The employer must grant paid annual leave requested by a notice under ~~paragraph clause~~ 21.9(a).

**21.10 Annual leave in advance**

- (a) An employer and employee may agree in writing to the employee taking a period of paid annual leave before the employee has accrued an entitlement to the leave.
- (b) An agreement must:
  - (i) state the amount of leave to be taken in advance and the date on which leave is to commence; and
  - (ii) be signed by the employer and employee and, if the employee is under 18 years of age, by the employee's parent or guardian.

NOTE: An example of the type of agreement required by clause 21.10 is set out at Schedule F—Agreement to Take Annual Leave in Advance. There is no requirement to use the form of agreement set out at Schedule F—Agreement to Take Annual Leave in Advance.

- (c) The employer must keep a copy of any agreement under clause 21.10 as an employee record.
- (d) If, on the termination of the employee's employment, the employee has not accrued an entitlement to all of a period of paid annual leave already taken in accordance with an agreement under clause 21.10, the employer may deduct from any money due to the employee on termination an amount equal to the amount that was paid to the employee in respect of any part of the period of annual leave taken in advance to which an entitlement has not been accrued.

**21.11 Proportionate leave on termination**

On termination of employment, an employee must be paid for leave accrued that has not been taken at the appropriate wage calculated in accordance with clause 21.4.

**21.12 Cashing out of annual leave**

- (a) Paid annual leave must not be cashed out except in accordance with an agreement under clause 21.12.



**Exposure Draft—Horticulture Award 20XX**

- (b) Each cashing out of a particular amount of paid annual leave must be the subject of a separate agreement under clause 21.12.
- (c) An employer and an employee may agree in writing to the cashing out of a particular amount of accrued paid annual leave by the employee.
- (d) An agreement under clause 21.12 must state:
  - (i) the amount of leave to be cashed out and the payment to be made to the employee for it; and
  - (ii) the date on which the payment is to be made.
- (e) An agreement under clause 21.12 must be signed by the employer and employee and, if the employee is under 18 years of age, by the employee's parent or guardian.
- (f) The payment must not be less than the amount that would have been payable had the employee taken the leave at the time the payment is made.
- (g) An agreement must not result in the employee's remaining accrued entitlement to paid annual leave being less than 4 weeks.
- (h) The maximum amount of accrued paid annual leave that may be cashed out in any period of 12 months is 2 weeks.
- (i) The employer must keep a copy of any agreement under clause 21.12 as an employee record.

NOTE 1: Under section 344 of the [Act](#), an employer must not exert undue influence or undue pressure on an employee to make, or not make, an agreement under clause 21.12.

NOTE 2: Under section 345(1) of the [Act](#), a person must not knowingly or recklessly make a false or misleading representation about the workplace rights of another person under clause 21.12.

NOTE 3: An example of the type of agreement required by clause 21.12 is set out at Schedule G—Agreement to Cash Out Annual Leave. There is no requirement to use the form of agreement set out at Schedule G—Agreement to Cash Out Annual Leave.

## **22. Personal/carer's leave and compassionate leave**

Personal/carer's leave and compassionate leave are provided for in the [NES](#).

## **23. Parental leave and related entitlements**

Parental leave and related entitlements are provided for in the [NES](#).

## 24. Community service leave

24.1 Community service leave is provided for in the [NES](#).

### 24.2 Reimbursement for jury service

- (a) A full-time employee required to attend for jury service during their ordinary hours of work must be reimbursed by the employer an amount equal to the difference between the amount paid to the employee in respect of the employee's attendance for such jury service and the wages the employee would have received in respect of the ordinary hours the employee would have worked had the employee not been on jury service.
- (b) Where a part-time employee is required to attend for jury service and such attendance coincides with a day on which the employee would normally be required to work, payment must be made to the employee in accordance with clause 24.2(a).

## 25. Unpaid family and domestic violence leave

Clause 25 inserted in accordance with [\[2019\] FWCFB 5144](#) at [13].

Unpaid family and domestic violence leave is provided for in the NES.

NOTE 1: Information concerning an employee's experience of family and domestic violence is sensitive and if mishandled can have adverse consequences for the employee. Employers should consult with such employees regarding the handling of this information.

NOTE 2: Depending upon the circumstances, evidence that would satisfy a reasonable person of the employee's need to take family and domestic violence leave may include a document issued by the police service, a court or family violence support service, or a statutory declaration.

## 26. Public holidays

Clause 26 amended in accordance with [\[2019\] FWCFB 5145](#) at [50] and [PR712240](#).

Clause 26 amended in accordance with [\[2019\] FWCFB 2108](#), [\[2019\] FWCFB 4695](#) and [PR706485](#).

26.1 Public holidays are provided for in the [NES](#).

### 26.2 Substitution of certain public holidays by agreement at the enterprise

- ~~(a) By agreement between the employer and the majority of employees in the enterprise or part of the enterprise concerned, an alternative day may be taken as the public holiday instead of any of the prescribed days.~~
- ~~(b) An employer and an individual employee may agree to the employee taking another day as the public holiday instead of the day which is being observed as the public holiday in the enterprise or part of the enterprise concerned.~~

(a) An employer and employee may agree to substitute another day for a day that would otherwise be a public holiday under the NES.

(b) An employer and employee may agree to substitute another part-day for a part-day that would otherwise be a part-day public holiday under the NES.

**26.3 Public holiday rates—other than casual employees**

All work performed on public holidays will be paid for at the rate of **200%** of the ordinary hourly rate or **200%** of the piecework rate for a pieceworker.

**26.4 Public holiday rates—casual employees**

All hours worked by a casual employee on a public holiday (both ordinary hours and any overtime) will be paid at a rate of **225%** of the employee's minimum hourly wage for his or her classification (inclusive of the casual loading).

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**26.426.5 Part-day public holidays**

For provisions in relation to part-day public holidays see Schedule H—Part-day Public Holidays.

## Part 7—Consultation and Dispute Resolution

### 27. Consultation about major workplace change

27.1 If an employer makes a definite decision to make major changes in production, program, organisation, structure or technology that are likely to have significant effects on employees, the employer must:

- (a) give notice of the changes to all employees who may be affected by them and their representatives (if any); and
- (b) discuss with affected employees and their representatives (if any):
  - (i) the introduction of the changes; and
  - (ii) their likely effect on employees; and
  - (iii) measures to avoid or reduce the adverse effects of the changes on employees; and
- (c) commence discussions as soon as practicable after a definite decision has been made.

27.2 For the purposes of the discussion under clause 27.1(b), the employer must give in writing to the affected employees and their representatives (if any) all relevant information about the changes including:

- (a) their nature; and
- (b) their expected effect on employees; and

(c) any other matters likely to affect employees.

**27.3** Clause 27.2 does not require an employer to disclose any confidential information if its disclosure would be contrary to the employer's interests.

**27.4** The employer must promptly consider any matters raised by the employees or their representatives about the changes in the course of the discussion under clause 27.1(b).

**27.5** In clause 27 **significant effects**, on employees, includes any of the following:

- (a) termination of employment; or
- (b) major changes in the composition, operation or size of the employer's workforce or in the skills required; or
- (c) loss of, or reduction in, job or promotion opportunities; or
- (d) loss of, or reduction in, job tenure; or
- (e) alteration of hours of work; or
- (f) the need for employees to be retrained or transferred to other work or locations; or
- (g) job restructuring.

**27.6** Where this award makes provision for alteration of any of the matters defined at clause 27.5, such alteration is taken not to have significant effect.

## **28. Consultation about changes to rosters or hours of work**

**28.1** Clause 28 applies if an employer proposes to change the regular roster or ordinary hours of work of an employee, other than an employee whose working hours are irregular, sporadic or unpredictable.

**28.2** The employer must consult with any employees affected by the proposed change and their representatives (if any).

**28.3** For the purpose of the consultation, the employer must:

- (a) provide to the employees and representatives mentioned in clause 28.2 information about the proposed change (for example, information about the nature of the change and when it is to begin); and
- (b) invite the employees to give their views about the impact of the proposed change on them (including any impact on their family or caring responsibilities) and also invite their representative (if any) to give their views about that impact.

**28.4** The employer must consider any views given under clause 28.3(b).

**28.5** Clause 28 is to be read in conjunction with any other provisions of this award concerning the scheduling of work or the giving of notice.

## 29. Dispute resolution

- 29.1 Clause 29 sets out the procedures to be followed if a dispute arises about a matter under this award or in relation to the [NES](#).
- 29.2 The parties to the dispute must first try to resolve the dispute at the workplace through discussion between the employee or employees concerned and the relevant supervisor.
- 29.3 If the dispute is not resolved through discussion as mentioned in clause 29.2, the parties to the dispute must then try to resolve it in a timely manner at the workplace through discussion between the employee or employees concerned and more senior levels of management, as appropriate.
- 29.4 If the dispute is unable to be resolved at the workplace and all appropriate steps have been taken under clauses 29.2 and 29.3, a party to the dispute may refer it to the Fair Work Commission.
- 29.5 The parties may agree on the process to be followed by the Fair Work Commission in dealing with the dispute, including mediation, conciliation and consent arbitration.
- 29.6 If the dispute remains unresolved, the Fair Work Commission may use any method of dispute resolution that it is permitted by the [Act](#) to use and that it considers appropriate for resolving the dispute.
- 29.7 A party to the dispute may appoint a person, organisation or association to support and/or represent them in any discussion or process under clause 29.
- 29.8 While procedures are being followed under clause 29 in relation to a dispute:
- (a) work must continue in accordance with this award and the [Act](#); and
  - (b) an employee must not unreasonably fail to comply with any direction given by the employer about performing work, whether at the same or another workplace, that is safe and appropriate for the employee to perform.
- 29.9 Clause 29.8 is subject to any applicable work health and safety legislation.

## Part 8—Termination of Employment and Redundancy

### 30. Termination of employment

NOTE: The [NES](#) sets out requirements for notice of termination by an employer. See sections 117 and 123 of the [Act](#).

#### 30.1 Notice of termination by an employee

- (a) Clause 30.1 applies to all employees except those identified in sections 123(1) and 123(3) of the [Act](#).
- (b) An employee must give the employer notice of termination in accordance with **Table 1—Period of notice** of at least the period specified in column 2

according to the period of continuous service of the employee specified in column 1.

**Table 1—Period of notice**

<b>Column 1</b> <b>Employee’s period of continuous service with the employer at the end of the day the notice is given</b>	<b>Column 2</b> <b>Period of notice</b>
Not more than 1 year	1 week
More than 1 year but not more than 3 years	2 weeks
More than 3 years but not more than 5 years	3 weeks
More than 5 years	4 weeks

NOTE: The notice of termination required to be given by an employee is the same as that required of an employer except that the employee does not have to give additional notice based on the age of the employee.

- (c) In clause 30.1(b) **continuous service** has the same meaning as in section 117 of the [Act](#).
- (d) If an employee who is at least 18 years old does not give the period of notice required under clause 30.1(b) then the employer may deduct from wages due to the employee under this award an amount that is no more than one week’s wages for the employee.
- (e) If the employer has agreed to a shorter period of notice than that required under clause 30.1(b), then no deduction can be made under clause 30.1(d).
- (f) Any deduction made under clause 30.1(d) must not be unreasonable in the circumstances.

### 30.2 Job search entitlement

- (a) Where an employer has given notice of termination to an employee, the employee must be allowed time off without loss of pay of up to one day for the purpose of seeking other employment.
- (b) The time off under clause 30.2 is to be taken at times that are convenient to the employee after consultation with the employer.

## 31. Redundancy

Clause 31 substituted in accordance with [\[2019\] FWCFB 2548](#) at [6] and [PR706970](#).

**NOTE:** Redundancy pay is provided for in the [NES](#). See sections 119 to 123 of the [Act](#).

### 31.1 Transfer to lower paid duties on redundancy

- (a) Clause 31.1 applies if, because of redundancy, an employee is transferred to new duties to which a lower ordinary rate of pay applies.

**(b) The employer may:**

- (i)** give the employee notice of the transfer of at least the same length as the employee would be entitled to under section 117 of the Act as if it were a notice of termination given by the employer; or
  - (ii)** transfer the employee to the new duties without giving notice of transfer or before the expiry of a notice of transfer, provided that the employer pays the employee as set out in clause 31.1(c).
- (c)** If the employer acts as mentioned in clause 31.1(b)(ii), the employee is entitled to a payment of an amount equal to the difference between the ordinary rate of pay of the employee (inclusive of all-purpose allowances, shift rates and penalty rates applicable to ordinary hours) for the hours of work the employee would have worked in the first role, and the ordinary rate of pay (also inclusive of all-purpose allowances, shift rates and penalty rates applicable to ordinary hours) of the employee in the second role for the period for which notice was not given.

**31.2 Employee leaving during redundancy notice period**

- (a)** An employee given notice of termination in circumstances of redundancy may terminate their employment during the minimum period of notice prescribed by section 117(3) of the Act.
- (b)** The employee is entitled to receive the benefits and payments they would have received under clause 31 or under sections 119 to 123 of the Act had they remained in employment until the expiry of the notice.
- (c)** However, the employee is not entitled to be paid for any part of the period of notice remaining after the employee ceased to be employed.

**31.3 Job search entitlement**

- (a)** Where an employer has given notice of termination to an employee in circumstances of redundancy, the employee must be allowed time off without loss of pay of up to one day each week of the minimum period of notice prescribed by section 117(3) of the Act for the purpose of seeking other employment.
- (b)** If an employee is allowed time off without loss of pay of more than one day under clause 31.3(a), the employee must, at the request of the employer, produce proof of attendance at an interview.
- (c)** A statutory declaration is sufficient for the purpose of clause 31.3(b).
- (d)** An employee who fails to produce proof when required under clause 31.3(b) is not entitled to be paid for the time off.
- (e)** This entitlement applies instead of clause 30.2.

## Schedule A—Classification Definitions

### A.1 Level 1

Clause A.1.2 amended in accordance with [\[2019\] FWCFB 1255](#) at [41].

**A.1.1 Level 1 employee** means an employee classified in accordance with the following criteria:

#### A.1.2 General description

An employee at this level:

- undertakes induction training which may include information on the enterprise, conditions of employment, introduction to supervisors and fellow workers, training and career opportunities, plant layout, work and documentation procedures, ~~occupational-work~~ health and safety, equal employment opportunity and quality control/assurance;
- performs routine duties essentially of a manual nature and to the level of their training;
- exercises minimal judgment;
- works under direct supervision;
- is responsible for the quality of their own work;
- is a new employee; or is an existing employee performing work within this grade who is undertaking training so as to enable advancement to Level 2.

#### A.1.3 Indicative duties

Indicative of the duties an employee may perform at this level are:

- performing general labouring duties;
- fruit or vegetable picking, thinning or pruning;
- operating small towing tractor engaged in transfer of produce bins and other containers during harvest;
- performing a range of housekeeping tasks in premises and grounds;
- sorting, packing or grading of produce where this requires the exercise of only minimal judgment;
- performing basic recording functions related to work performed at this level;
- providing assistance within the scope of this level to other employees as required;
- undertaking structured training so as to enable advancement to Level 2.



## A.2 Level 2 employee

Clause A.2.2 amended in accordance with [\[2019\] FWCFB 1255](#) at [41].

**A.2.1 Level 2 employee** means an employee classified in accordance with the following criteria:

### A.2.2 General description

An employee at this level:

- has completed up to ~~three~~ 3 months structured training so as to enable the performance of work within the scope of this level;
- works under general supervision either individually or in a team environment;
- works with established routines, methods and procedures;
- performs a range of tasks involving the use of skills above and beyond those of Level 1 and to the level of their training;
- exercises limited discretion;
- is responsible for the quality of their own work;
- receives training in ~~occupational work~~ health and safety standards and practices relevant to the site;
- performs lower level tasks as required without loss of pay unless re-engaged to perform tasks at predominantly a lower skill level.

### A.2.3 Indicative duties

Indicative of the duties an employee may perform at this level are:

- performing a range of tasks involving the set up and operation of production and/or packaging or picking equipment, labelling and/or consumer picking equipment;
- repetition work on automatic, semi-automatic or single purpose machines or equipment;
- assembling/dismantling components using basic written, spoken and/or diagrammatic instructions in an assembly environment;
- irrigation, spraying or pruning under general supervision;
- sorting, packing and grading beyond the scope of Level 1 duties;
- maintaining simple records;
- using hand trolleys, pallet trucks or other mechanical or power driven lifting or handling devices not requiring a licence;
- operating tractors with engine capacity of up to 70 kW;
- general and routine product testing;

Exposure Draft—Horticulture Award 20XX

- providing assistance within the scope of this level to other employees as required;
- assisting in the provision of on-the-job training in conjunction with supervisors, tradespersons or trainers;
- undertaking further training so as to enable advancement to Level 3.

### A.3 Level 3 employee

Clause A.3.2 amended in accordance with [\[2019\] FWC FB 1255](#) at [41].

**A.3.1 Level 3 employee** means an employee classified in accordance with the following criteria:

#### A.3.2 General description

An employee at this level:

- performs work above and beyond the skills of an employee at Level 2 and to the level of their training;
- works under routine supervision either individually or in a team environment;
- exercises discretion with their level of skills and training;
- is responsible for the quality of their own work;
- receives training in ~~occupational work~~ health and safety standards and practices in work areas relevant to the site and appropriate to this award;
- may perform any lower level task as required without loss of pay.

#### A.3.3 Indicative duties

Indicative of the duties an employee may perform at this level are:

- driving motor lorries or mechanical harvesters or forklifts;
- operating tractors with engine capacity of over 70 kW;
- minor maintenance of plant;
- irrigation, spraying, pruning without supervision;
- assisting in the training, instruction and coordination of employees;
- recording detailed information on production and quality indicators;
- providing assistance within the scope of this level to other employees;
- undertaking further training so as to enable advancement to Level 4.

#### A.4 Level 4 employee

Clause A.4.2 amended in accordance with [\[2019\] FWCFB 1255](#) at [41].

**A.4.1 Level 4 employee** means an employee classified in accordance with the following criteria:

##### A.4.2 General description

An employee at this level:

- performs work above and beyond the skills of an employee at Level 3 and to the level of their training;
- coordinates work in a team environment or works individually under general supervision;
- exercises discretion with their level of skills and training;
- is responsible for the quality of their own work;
- has knowledge of the employer's operation as it relates to the production process;
- monitors the application of ~~occupational-work~~ health and safety standards in work areas relevant to the site and appropriate to this level;
- may perform any lower level task as required without loss of pay.

##### A.4.3 Indicative duties

Indicative of the duties an employee may perform at this level are:

- using precision measuring instruments;
- machine setting, loading and operation;
- inventory and store control;
- licensed operation of all appropriate materials handling equipment;
- basic engineering and fault handling;
- basic non-trades maintenance involving the use of tools and equipment within the scope of this award;
- licensed and certified to operate forklifts, engine driving and crane driving operation;
- furnace/boiler operator;
- performing quality checks on the work of others;
- quality assurance/control;
- assisting in provision of on-the-job training;

**Exposure Draft—Horticulture Award 20XX**

- monitoring variables affecting production yields, detecting errors, investigating causes and recommending collective/preventative action;
- providing assistance within the scope of this level to other employees;
- undertaking further training so as to enable advancement to Level 5.

## **A.5 Level 5 employee**

**A.5.1 Level 5 employee** means an employee classified in accordance with the following criteria:

### **A.5.2 General description**

An employee at this level:

- works above and beyond the skills of an employee at Level 4 and to the level of their training;
- performs work under minimal supervision either individually or in a team environment;
- coordinates and schedules approved work in a team environment;
- exercises good interpersonal communication skills;
- exercises discretion within the scope of this grade;
- possesses and uses a trade qualification in the course of their duties;
- has a sound knowledge of the employer's operation as it relates to the production process;
- undertakes lower level tasks as required without loss of pay.

### **A.5.3 Indicative duties**

Indicative of the duties an employee may perform at this level are:

- inspecting products and/or materials for conformity with established operational standards and approves/passes first off samples;
- operating, setting up and adjusting maintenance functions including (but not limited to):
  - removing equipment fastenings including use of destructive cutting equipment;
  - running adjustments to production equipment;
- operating all lifting equipment;
- basic production scheduling and materials handling within the scope of production process or directly related functions;
- exercising high level stores and inventory responsibilities;

**Exposure Draft—Horticulture Award 20XX**

- providing on-the-job training;
- providing assistance within the scope of this level to other employees.

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### Schedule B—Summary of Hourly Rates of Pay

Monetary amounts adjusted as a result of AWR 2019 – changes not tracked.

NOTE at the beginning of Schedule B deleted in accordance with [2019] FWCFB 7173 at [23].

~~NOTE: Employers who meet their obligations under this schedule are meeting their obligations under the award.~~

#### B.1 Ordinary hourly rate

**B.1.1 Ordinary hourly rate** is the minimum hourly rate of pay for an employee plus any allowance payable for all purposes to which the employee is entitled. Where an allowance is payable for all purposes in accordance with clause 17.2(a), this forms part of the employee’s ordinary hourly rate and must be added to the minimum hourly rate prior to calculating penalties and overtime.

**B.1.2** The rates in the tables below are based on the **minimum hourly rates** in accordance with clause 15.1(a). Consistent with clause B.1.1, all-purpose allowances need to be added to the rates in the table where they are applicable.

#### B.2 Full-time and part-time adult employees

##### B.2.1 Full-time and part-time employees other than shiftworkers—ordinary and penalty rates

	Ordinary hours	Public holidays
	% of ordinary hourly rate <sup>1</sup>	
	100%	200%
	\$	\$
Level 1	19.49	38.98
Level 2	20.06	40.12
Level 3	20.63	41.26
Level 4	21.41	42.82
Level 5	22.70	45.40

<sup>1</sup> Rates in table are calculated based on the minimum hourly rate, see clauses B.1.1 and B.1.2. ~~Ordinary hourly rate includes the industry allowance payable to all employees for all purposes.~~

**Commented [FWC1]:** (Weekly rate ÷ 38) in cl 15.1.

Rates in table do not include any all-purpose allowances.

**Commented [FWC2]:** Relevant percentage in cl 26.3.

##### B.2.2 Full-time and part-time shiftworkers—ordinary and penalty rates

	Ordinary hours	Afternoon shift	Night shift	Public holidays
	% of ordinary hourly rate <sup>1</sup>			
	100%	115%	115%	200%
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Level 1	19.49	22.41	22.41	38.98
Level 2	20.06	23.07	23.07	40.12

**Commented [FWC3]:** (Weekly rate ÷ 38) in cl 15.1.

Rates in table do not include any all-purpose allowances.

**Commented [FWC4]:** Relevant percentage in cl 13.2.

**Commented [FWC5]:** Relevant percentage in cl 26.3.

Exposure Draft—Horticulture Award 20XX

	Ordinary hours	Afternoon shift	Night shift	Public holidays
	<b>% of ordinary hourly rate<sup>1</sup></b>			
	<b>100%</b>	<b>115%</b>	<b>115%</b>	<b>200%</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Level 3	20.63	23.72	23.72	41.26
Level 4	21.41	24.62	24.62	42.82
Level 5	22.70	26.11	26.11	45.40

**Commented [FWC3]:** (Weekly rate ÷ 38) in cl 15.1.  
Rates in table do not include any all-purpose allowances.

**Commented [FWC4]:** Relevant percentage in cl 13.2.

**Commented [FWC5]:** Relevant percentage in cl 26.3.

<sup>1</sup> Rates in table are calculated based on the minimum hourly rate, see clauses B.1.1 and B.1.2.  
~~Ordinary hourly rate includes the industry allowance payable to all employees for all purposes.~~

**B.2.3 Full-time and part-time employees—overtime rates**

	Monday to Saturday	Sunday outside of harvest season	Sunday during harvest season 5 hours within the first 8 hours of overtime	Overtime in excess of 8 hours in the week or 5 hours on Sunday	Public holidays
	<b>% of ordinary hourly rate<sup>1</sup></b>				
	<b>150%</b>	<b>200%</b>	<b>150%</b>	<b>200%</b>	<b>200%</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Level 1	29.24	38.98	29.24	38.98	38.98
Level 2	30.09	40.12	30.09	40.12	40.12
Level 3	30.95	41.26	30.95	41.26	41.26
Level 4	32.12	42.82	32.12	42.82	42.82
Level 5	34.05	45.40	34.05	45.40	45.40

**Commented [FWC6]:** (Weekly rate ÷ 38) in cl 15.1.  
Rates in table do not include any all-purpose allowances.

**Commented [FWC7]:** Relevant percentage in cl 20.3.

**Commented [FWC8]:** Relevant percentage in cl 26.3.

<sup>1</sup> Rates in table are calculated based on the minimum hourly rate, see clauses B.1.1 and B.1.2.  
~~Ordinary hourly rate includes the industry allowance payable to all employees for all purposes.~~

### B.3 Casual adult employees

Overtime for casuals has been referred to the overtime for casuals Full Bench [AM2017/51](#)

#### B.3.1 Casual employees—ordinary and penalty rates

	Ordinary hours	Public holidays
	% of ordinary hourly rate <sup>1</sup>	
	125%	225%
	\$	\$
Level 1	24.36	43.85
Level 2	25.08	45.14
Level 3	25.79	46.42
Level 4	26.76	48.17
Level 5	28.38	51.08

**Commented [FWC9]:** (Weekly rate ÷ 38) in cl 15.1.

Rates in table do not include any all-purpose allowances.

**Commented [FWC10]:** Ordinary hourly rate + 25% casual loading in cl 11.3.

**Commented [FWC11]:** Relevant percentage in cl 26.3 + 25% casual loading in cl 11.3.

<sup>1</sup> Rates in table are calculated based on the minimum hourly rate, see clauses B.1.1 and B.1.2.

~~Ordinary hourly rate includes the industry allowance payable to all employees for all purposes.~~

### B.4 Junior employees

The **junior hourly rate** is based on a percentage of the appropriate adult weekly rate and rounded to the nearest 10 cents in accordance with clause 15.3, then divided by 38. Adult rates apply from 20 years of age in accordance with clause 15.3.

#### B.4.1 Full-time and part-time junior employees—ordinary and penalty rates

Age	Junior weekly rate	Junior hourly rate—ordinary hours	Shiftworkers		All employees
			Afternoon shift	Night shift	Public holidays
			% of junior hourly rate <sup>1</sup>		
		100%	115%	115%	200%
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>Level 1</b>					
Under 16 years	370.40	9.75	11.21	11.21	19.50
16 years	444.50	11.70	13.46	13.46	23.40
17 years	518.60	13.65	15.70	15.70	27.30
18 years	592.60	15.59	17.93	17.93	31.18
19 years	666.70	17.54	20.17	20.17	35.08
<b>Level 2</b>					
Under 16 years	381.10	10.03	11.53	11.53	20.06

**Commented [FWC12]:** ((Weekly rate in cl 15.1 x percentage of relevant ordinary hourly rate in cl 15.3) ÷ 38)).

Rates in table do not include any all-purpose allowances.

**Commented [FWC13]:** Relevant percentage in cl 13.2(d).

**Commented [FWC14]:** Relevant percentage in cl 26.3.



Exposure Draft—Horticulture Award 20XX

Age	Junior weekly rate	Junior hourly rate—ordinary hours	Shiftworkers		All employees
			Afternoon shift	Night shift	Public holidays
			% of junior hourly rate <sup>1</sup>		
		100%	115%	115%	200%
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
16 years	457.30	12.03	13.83	13.83	24.06
17 years	533.50	14.04	16.15	16.15	28.08
18 years	609.70	16.04	18.45	18.45	32.08
19 years	685.90	18.05	20.76	20.76	36.10
<b>Level 3</b>					
Under 16 years	392.00	10.32	11.87	11.87	20.64
16 years	470.40	12.38	14.24	14.24	24.76
17 years	548.80	14.44	16.61	16.61	28.88
18 years	627.20	16.51	18.99	18.99	33.02
19 years	705.60	18.57	21.36	21.36	37.14
<b>Level 4</b>					
Under 16 years	406.90	10.71	12.32	12.32	21.42
16 years	488.20	12.85	14.78	14.78	25.70
17 years	569.60	14.99	17.24	17.24	29.98
18 years	651.00	17.13	19.70	19.70	34.26
19 years	732.30	19.27	22.16	22.16	38.54
<b>Level 5</b>					
Under 16 years	431.30	11.35	13.05	13.05	22.70
16 years	517.50	13.62	15.66	15.66	27.24
17 years	603.80	15.89	18.27	18.27	31.78
18 years	690.00	18.16	20.88	20.88	36.32
19 years	776.30	20.43	23.49	23.49	40.86

**Commented [FWC12]:** ((Weekly rate in cl 15.1 x percentage of relevant ordinary hourly rate in cl 15.3) ÷ 38)).

Rates in table do not include any all-purpose allowances.

**Commented [FWC13]:** Relevant percentage in cl 13.2(d).

**Commented [FWC14]:** Relevant percentage in cl 26.3.

<sup>1</sup> Rates in table are calculated based on the minimum hourly rate, see clauses B.1.1 and B.1.2. ~~Ordinary hourly rate includes the industry allowance payable to all employees for all purposes.~~

Exposure Draft—Horticulture Award 20XX

**B.4.2 Full-time and part-time junior employees—overtime rates**

Age	Monday to Saturday	Sunday outside of harvest season	Sunday during harvest season		Public holidays
			First 5 hours within the first 8 hours of overtime	Overtime in excess of 8 hours in the week or 5 hours on Sunday	
	% of junior hourly rate <sup>1</sup>				
	150%	200%	150%	200%	200%
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>Level 1</b>					
Under 16 years	14.63	19.50	14.63	19.50	19.50
16 years	17.55	23.40	17.55	23.40	23.40
17 years	20.48	27.30	20.48	27.30	27.30
18 years	23.39	31.18	23.39	31.18	31.18
19 years	26.31	35.08	26.31	35.08	35.08
<b>Level 2</b>					
Under 16 years	15.05	20.06	15.05	20.06	20.06
16 years	18.05	24.06	18.05	24.06	24.06
17 years	21.06	28.08	21.06	28.08	28.08
18 years	24.06	32.08	24.06	32.08	32.08
19 years	27.08	36.10	27.08	36.10	36.10
<b>Level 3</b>					
Under 16 years	15.48	20.64	15.48	20.64	20.64
16 years	18.57	24.76	18.57	24.76	24.76
17 years	21.66	28.88	21.66	28.88	28.88
18 years	24.77	33.02	24.77	33.02	33.02
19 years	27.86	37.14	27.86	37.14	37.14

**Commented [FWC15]:** ((Weekly rate in cl 15.1 x percentage of relevant ordinary hourly rate in cl 15.3) ÷ 38)).

Rates in table do not include any all-purpose allowances.

**Commented [FWC16]:** Relevant percentage in cl 20.3.

**Commented [FWC17]:** Relevant percentage in cl 26.3.

Exposure Draft—Horticulture Award 20XX

Age	Monday to Saturday	Sunday outside of harvest season	Sunday during harvest season		Public holidays
			First 5 hours within the first 8 hours of overtime	Overtime in excess of 8 hours in the week or 5 hours on Sunday	
<b>% of junior hourly rate<sup>1</sup></b>					
	<b>150%</b>	<b>200%</b>	<b>150%</b>	<b>200%</b>	<b>200%</b>
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>Level 4</b>					
Under 16 years	16.07	21.42	16.07	21.42	21.42
16 years	19.28	25.70	19.28	25.70	25.70
17 years	22.49	29.98	22.49	29.98	29.98
18 years	25.70	34.26	25.70	34.26	34.26
19 years	28.91	38.54	28.91	38.54	38.54
<b>Level 5</b>					
Under 16 years	17.03	22.70	17.03	22.70	22.70
16 years	20.43	27.24	20.43	27.24	27.24
17 years	23.84	31.78	23.84	31.78	31.78
18 years	27.24	36.32	27.24	36.32	36.32
19 years	30.65	40.86	30.65	40.86	40.86

**Commented [FWC15]:** ((Weekly rate in cl 15.1 x percentage of relevant ordinary hourly rate in cl 15.3) ÷ 38)).

Rates in table do not include any all-purpose allowances.

**Commented [FWC16]:** Relevant percentage in cl 20.3.

**Commented [FWC17]:** Relevant percentage in cl 26.3.

<sup>1</sup> Rates in table are calculated based on the minimum hourly rate, see clauses B.1.1 and B.1.2. ~~Ordinary hourly rate includes the industry allowance payable to all employees for all purposes.~~

**B.4.3 Casual junior employees—ordinary and penalty rates**

Age	Casual hourly rate	Public holidays
	<b>% of junior hourly rate<sup>1</sup></b>	
	<b>125%</b>	<b>225%</b>
	\$	\$
<b>Level 1</b>		
Under 16 years	12.19	21.94
16 years	14.63	26.33
17 years	17.06	30.71

**Commented [FWC18]:** Junior hourly rate + 25% casual loading in cl 11.3.

**Commented [FWC19]:** Relevant percentage in cl 26.3 + 25% casual loading in cl 11.3.

Exposure Draft—Horticulture Award 20XX

Age	Casual hourly rate	Public holidays
	% of junior hourly rate <sup>1</sup>	
	125%	225%
	\$	\$
18 years	19.49	35.08
19 years	21.93	39.47
<b>Level 2</b>		
Under 16 years	12.54	22.57
16 years	15.04	27.07
17 years	17.55	31.59
18 years	20.05	36.09
19 years	22.56	40.61
<b>Level 3</b>		
Under 16 years	12.90	23.22
16 years	15.48	27.86
17 years	18.05	32.49
18 years	20.64	37.15
19 years	23.21	41.78
<b>Level 4</b>		
Under 16 years	13.39	24.10
16 years	16.06	28.91
17 years	18.74	33.73
18 years	21.41	38.54
19 years	24.09	43.36
<b>Level 5</b>		
Under 16 years	14.19	25.54
16 years	17.03	30.65
17 years	19.86	35.75
18 years	22.70	40.86
19 years	25.54	45.97

**Commented [FWC18]:** Junior hourly rate + 25% casual loading in cl 11.3.

**Commented [FWC19]:** Relevant percentage in cl 26.3 + 25% casual loading in cl 11.3.

<sup>1</sup> Rates in table are calculated based on the minimum hourly rate, see clauses B.1.1 and B.1.2. ~~Ordinary hourly rate includes the industry allowance payable to all employees for all purposes.~~

**Schedule C—Summary of Monetary Allowances**

Monetary amounts adjusted as a result of AWR 2019 – changes not tracked.

See clause 17—Allowances for full details of allowances payable under this award.

**C.1 Wage-related allowances**

**C.1.1** The wage-related allowances in this award are based on the **standard rate** as defined in clause 2—Definitions as the minimum hourly rate for a Level 2 in clause 15.1(a) ~~+~~ **\$20.06**

Allowance	Clause	% of standard rate	\$	Payable
Leading hand allowance—2 to 6 employees <sup>1</sup>	17.2(b)	115.0	23.07	per week
Leading hand allowance—7 to 10 employees <sup>1</sup>	17.2(b)	134.0	26.88	per week
Leading hand allowance—11 to 20 employees <sup>1</sup>	17.2(b)	191.0	38.31	per week
Leading hand allowance—more than 20 employees <sup>1</sup>	17.2(b)	240.0	48.14	per week
Wet work allowance—unless provided with adequate protection <sup>1</sup>	17.2(c)(i)	10.0	2.01	per hour
First aid allowance <sup>1</sup>	17.2(d)	51.0	10.23	per week

<sup>1</sup> These allowances apply for all purposes of this award.

**C.1.2 Adjustment of wage-related allowances**

Wage-related allowances are adjusted in accordance with increases to wages and are based on a percentage of the **standard rate** as specified.

**C.2 Expense-related allowances**

Allowance	Clause	\$	Payable
Meal allowance—more than <del>two</del> 2 hours' overtime after ordinary ceasing time without a day's notification	17.3(c)(i)	12.82	per meal

**C.2.1 Adjustment of expense-related allowances**

- (a) At the time of any adjustment to the **standard rate**, each expense related allowance will be increased by the relevant adjustment factor. The relevant adjustment factor for this purpose is the percentage movement in the applicable index figure most recently published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics since the allowance was last adjusted.

**Exposure Draft—Horticulture Award 20XX**

- (b) The applicable index figure is the index figure published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics for the Eight Capitals Consumer Price Index (Cat No. 6401.0), as follows:

<b>Allowance</b>	<b>Applicable Consumer Price Index figure</b>
Meal allowance	Take away and fast foods sub-group

DRAFT

## Schedule D—Supported Wage System

Monetary amounts in this clause adjusted as a result of AWR 2019 – changes not tracked.

**D.1** This schedule defines the conditions which will apply to employees who because of the effects of a disability are eligible for a supported wage under the terms of this award.

**D.2** In this schedule:

**approved assessor** means a person accredited by the management unit established by the Commonwealth under the supported wage system to perform assessments of an individual’s productive capacity within the supported wage system.

**assessment instrument** means the tool provided for under the supported wage system that records the assessment of the productive capacity of the person to be employed under the supported wage system.

**disability support pension** means the Commonwealth pension scheme to provide income security for persons with a disability as provided under the *Social Security Act 1991*, as amended from time to time, or any successor to that scheme.

**relevant minimum wage** means the minimum wage prescribed in this award for the class of work for which an employee is engaged.

**supported wage system** means the Commonwealth Government system to promote employment for people who cannot work at full award wages because of a disability, as documented in the Supported Wage System Handbook. The Handbook is available from the following website: [www.jobaccess.gov.au](http://www.jobaccess.gov.au).

**SWS wage assessment agreement** means the document in the form required by the Department of Social Services that records the employee’s productive capacity and agreed wage rate.

### **D.3 Eligibility criteria**

**D.3.1** Employees covered by this schedule will be those who are unable to perform the range of duties to the competence level required within the class of work for which the employee is engaged under this award, because of the effects of a disability on their productive capacity and who meet the impairment criteria for receipt of a disability support pension.

**D.3.2** This schedule does not apply to any existing employee who has a claim against the employer which is subject to the provisions of workers compensation legislation or any provision of this award relating to the rehabilitation of employees who are injured in the course of their employment.

**D.4 Supported wage rates**

**D.4.1** Employees to whom this schedule applies will be paid the applicable percentage of the relevant minimum wage according to the following schedule:

Assessed capacity (clause D.5)	Relevant minimum wage
%	%
10	10
20	20
30	30
40	40
50	50
60	60
70	70
80	80
90	90

**D.4.2** Provided that the minimum amount payable must be not less than \$87 per week.

**D.4.3** Where an employee’s assessed capacity is 10%, they must receive a high degree of assistance and support.

**D.5 Assessment of capacity**

**D.5.1** For the purpose of establishing the percentage of the relevant minimum wage, the productive capacity of the employee will be assessed in accordance with the SWS by an approved assessor, having consulted the employer and employee and, if the employee so desires, a union which the employee is eligible to join.

**D.5.2** All assessments made under this schedule must be documented in an SWS wage assessment agreement, and retained by the employer as a time and wages record in accordance with the [Act](#).

**D.6 Lodgement of SWS wage assessment agreement**

**D.6.1** All SWS wage assessment agreements under the conditions of this schedule, including the appropriate percentage of the relevant minimum wage to be paid to the employee, must be lodged by the employer with the Fair Work Commission.

**D.6.2** All SWS wage assessment agreements must be agreed and signed by the employee and employer parties to the assessment. Where a union which has an interest in the award is not a party to the assessment, the assessment will be referred by the Fair Work Commission to the union by certified mail and the agreement will take effect unless an objection is notified to the Fair Work Commission within 10 working days.



### **D.7 Review of assessment**

The assessment of the applicable percentage should be subject to annual or more frequent review on the basis of a reasonable request for such a review. The process of review must be in accordance with the procedures for assessing capacity under the supported wage system.

### **D.8 Other terms and conditions of employment**

Where an assessment has been made, the applicable percentage will apply to the relevant minimum wage only. Employees covered by the provisions of this schedule will be entitled to the same terms and conditions of employment as other workers covered by this award on a pro rata basis.

### **D.9 Workplace adjustment**

An employer wishing to employ a person under the provisions of this schedule must take reasonable steps to make changes in the workplace to enhance the employee's capacity to do the job. Changes may involve re-design of job duties, working time arrangements and work organisation in consultation with other workers in the area.

### **D.10 Trial period**

- D.10.1** In order for an adequate assessment of the employee's capacity to be made, an employer may employ a person under the provisions of this schedule for a trial period not exceeding 12 weeks, except that in some cases additional work adjustment time (not exceeding ~~four~~ 4 weeks) may be needed. |
- D.10.2** During that trial period the assessment of capacity will be undertaken and the percentage of the relevant minimum wage for a continuing employment relationship will be determined.
- D.10.3** The minimum amount payable to the employee during the trial period must be no less than \$87 per week.
- D.10.4** Work trials should include induction or training as appropriate to the job being trialled.
- D.10.5** Where the employer and employee wish to establish a continuing employment relationship following the completion of the trial period, a further contract of employment will be entered into based on the outcome of assessment under clause D.5.

**Schedule E—Agreement for Time Off Instead of Payment for Overtime**

Name of employee: \_\_\_\_\_

Name of employer: \_\_\_\_\_

1. The employer and employee agree that the employee will take time off instead of being paid for all overtime that is worked by the employee under this agreement.
2. Time off must be taken within 6 months of the overtime being worked at a time or times agreed by the employee and employer. If time off is not taken within 6 months of it being worked then the employer must pay the employee for the overtime, in the next pay period following those 6 months, at the overtime rate applicable to the overtime when worked, unless the employer agrees to pay out the accrued overtime earlier.
3. This agreement will remain in place until the agreement is terminated. The agreement may be terminated by the employer or employee at any time by notice in writing.
4. If the agreement is terminated, the employer must pay the employee for overtime worked at the overtime rate applicable to the overtime when it was worked.

Signature of employee: \_\_\_\_\_

Date signed: \_\_\_/\_\_\_/20\_\_\_

Name of employer representative: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature of employer representative: \_\_\_\_\_

Date signed: \_\_\_/\_\_\_/20\_\_\_

**Schedule F—Agreement to Take Annual Leave in Advance**

Link to PDF copy of [Agreement to Take Annual Leave in Advance](#).

Name of employee: \_\_\_\_\_

Name of employer: \_\_\_\_\_

**The employer and employee agree that the employee will take a period of paid annual leave before the employee has accrued an entitlement to the leave:**

The amount of leave to be taken in advance is: \_\_\_\_ hours/days

The leave in advance will commence on: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/20\_\_\_\_

Signature of employee: \_\_\_\_\_

Date signed: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/20\_\_\_\_

Name of employer representative: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature of employer representative: \_\_\_\_\_

Date signed: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/20\_\_\_\_

[If the employee is under 18 years of age - include:]

**I agree that:**

**if, on termination of the employee’s employment, the employee has not accrued an entitlement to all of a period of paid annual leave already taken under this agreement, then the employer may deduct from any money due to the employee on termination an amount equal to the amount that was paid to the employee in respect of any part of the period of annual leave taken in advance to which an entitlement has not been accrued.**

Name of parent/guardian: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature of parent/guardian: \_\_\_\_\_

Date signed: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/20\_\_\_\_

**Schedule G—Agreement to Cash Out Annual Leave**

Link to PDF copy of [Agreement to Cash Out Annual Leave](#).

Name of employee: \_\_\_\_\_

Name of employer: \_\_\_\_\_

**The employer and employee agree to the employee cashing out a particular amount of the employee’s accrued paid annual leave:**

The amount of leave to be cashed out is: \_\_\_\_ hours/days

The payment to be made to the employee for the leave is: \$\_\_\_\_\_ subject to deduction of income tax/after deduction of income tax (strike out where not applicable)

The payment will be made to the employee on: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/20\_\_\_\_

Signature of employee: \_\_\_\_\_

Date signed: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/20\_\_\_\_

Name of employer representative: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature of employer representative: \_\_\_\_\_

Date signed: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/20\_\_\_\_

*Include if the employee is under 18 years of age:*

Name of parent/guardian: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature of parent/guardian: \_\_\_\_\_

Date signed: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/20\_\_\_\_

## Schedule H—Part-day Public Holidays

Schedule H amended in accordance with [\[2019\] FWCFB 5145](#) at [50] and [PR712240](#)

H.2 amended in accordance with [\[2019\] FWCFB 8491](#) and [PR715133](#)

**H.1** This schedule operates where this award otherwise contains provisions dealing with public holidays that supplement the NES.

**H.2** Where a part-day public holiday is declared or prescribed between 6.00 pm and midnight, or 7.00 pm and midnight on Christmas Eve (24 December in each year) or New Year’s Eve (31 December in each year) the following will apply on Christmas Eve and New Year’s Eve and will override any provision in this award relating to public holidays to the extent of the inconsistency:

- (a) All employees will have the right to refuse to work on the part-day public holiday if the request to work is not reasonable or the refusal is reasonable as provided for in the NES.
- (b) Where a part-time or full-time employee is usually rostered to work ordinary hours on the declared or prescribed part-day public holiday but as a result of exercising their right under the NES does not work, they will be paid their ordinary rate of pay for such hours not worked.
- (c) Where a part-time or full-time employee is usually rostered to work ordinary hours on the declared or prescribed part-day public holiday but as a result of being on annual leave does not work, they will be taken not to be on annual leave during the hours of the declared or prescribed part-day public holiday that they would have usually been rostered to work and will be paid their ordinary rate of pay for such hours.
- (d) Where a part-time or full-time employee is usually rostered to work ordinary hours on the declared or prescribed part-day public holiday, but as a result of having a rostered day off (RDO) provided under this award, does not work, the employee will be taken to be on a public holiday for such hours and paid their ordinary rate of pay for those hours.
- (e) Excluding annualised salaried employees to whom clause H.2(f) applies, where an employee works any hours on the declared or prescribed part-day public holiday they will be entitled to the appropriate public holiday penalty rate (if any) in this award for those hours worked.
- (f) Where an employee is paid an annualised salary under the provisions of this award and is entitled under this award to time off in lieu or additional annual leave for work on a public holiday, they will be entitled to time off in lieu or pro-rata annual leave equivalent to the time worked on the declared or prescribed part-day public holiday.
- (g) An employee not rostered to work on the declared or prescribed part-day public holiday, other than an employee who has exercised their right in accordance with clause H.2(a), will not be entitled to another day off, another day’s pay or another day of annual leave as a result of the part-day public holiday.

Exposure Draft—Horticulture Award 20XX

~~H.2~~ Where a part day public holiday is declared or prescribed between 7.00 pm and midnight on Christmas Eve (24 December in each year) or New Year's Eve (31 December in each year) the following will apply on Christmas Eve and New Year's Eve and will override any provision in this award relating to public holidays to the extent of the inconsistency:

- ~~(a)~~ All employees will have the right to refuse to work on the part day public holiday if the request to work is not reasonable or the refusal is reasonable as provided for in the NES.
- ~~(b)~~ Where a part time or full time employee is usually rostered to work ordinary hours between 7.00 pm and midnight but as a result of exercising their right under the NES does not work, they will be paid their ordinary rate of pay for such hours not worked.
- ~~(c)~~ Where a part time or full time employee is usually rostered to work ordinary hours between 7.00 pm and midnight but as a result of being on annual leave does not work, they will be taken not to be on annual leave between those hours of 7.00 pm and midnight that they would have usually been rostered to work and will be paid their ordinary rate of pay for such hours.
- ~~(d)~~ Where a part time or full time employee is usually rostered to work ordinary hours between 7.00 pm and midnight, but as a result of having a rostered day off (RDO) provided under this award, does not work, the employee will be taken to be on a public holiday for such hours and paid their ordinary rate of pay for those hours.
- ~~(e)~~ Excluding annualised salaried employees to whom clause H.2(f) applies, where an employee works any hours between 7.00 pm and midnight they will be entitled to the appropriate public holiday penalty rate (if any) in this award for those hours worked.
- ~~(f)~~ Where an employee is paid an annualised salary under the provisions of this award and is entitled under this award to time off in lieu or additional annual leave for work on a public holiday, they will be entitled to time off in lieu or pro-rata annual leave equivalent to the time worked between 7.00 pm and midnight.
- ~~(g)~~ An employee not rostered to work between 7.00 pm and midnight, other than an employee who has exercised their right in accordance with clause H.2(a), will not be entitled to another day off, another day's pay or another day of annual leave as a result of the part day public holiday.

H.3 An employer and employee may agree to substitute another part-day for a part-day that would otherwise be a part-day public holiday under the NES.

H.3H.4 This schedule is not intended to detract from or supplement the NES.